## FLOOR AMENDMENT

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
State of Oklahoma

SPEAKER:	
CHAIR:	
I move to amend <u>HB3468</u>	
Page 2 Section 1 Lines	Of the printed Bill
Page 2, Section 1, Line 9: By inserting new Sections 1 and 2 into the bill:	Of the Engrossed Bill
(see attached)	
Page 2, Section 1, Line 10: By deleting after the word "Section" the following Title 74" and inserting in lieu thereof, the follo 63";	
Page 3, Section 1, Line 4½: By inserting a new paragraph to read as follows: State Department of Health shall notify the Govern Cannabis Commission Governing Board has enough boa quorum. Upon receiving said notice, the Governor order establishing the Oklahoma Cannabis Commissio agency no longer under the control of the State De	or when the Oklahoma rd members to form a shall sign an executive n as a separate state
Page 3, Section 1, Line 11: By deleting after the word "the" and before the pe language: "effective date of this act" and insertifollowing: "establishment of the Commission";	
Page 3, Section 2, Line 17: By deleting after the word "Section" the following Title 74" and inserting in lieu thereof, the follo 63";	
(see below)	
AMEND TITLE TO CONFORM TO AMENDMENTS	
Amendment su Adopted:	bmitted by: JP Jordan
<del></del>	

Reading Clerk

Page 5, Section 2, Line 21:

By inserting after the period "." the following language: "The Governor shall make the appointments for the first seven members on or before July 31, 2018.";

Page 6, Section 2, Line 2:

By inserting after the period "." the following language: "The remaining five members shall be individuals who have obtained a license under the provisions of the Oklahoma Medical Marijuana Act of 2018, and represent a segment of the medical marijuana industry. No more than two individuals who hold the same type of license shall be appointed to the Board."

Page 8, Section 3, Line 17:

By deleting after the word "Section" the following language: "10023 of Title 74" and inserting in lieu thereof, the following: "8005 of Title 63";

Page 8, Section 3, Line 21:

By inserting after the word "the" the following language: "Oklahoma Cannabis Commission Governing";

Page 8, Section 3, Line 24:

By inserting after the number "412" and before the semicolon ";" the following language: ". The Board shall adopt any rule promulgated by the State Department of Health prior to its establishment as a separate state agency";

Page 9, Section 3, Line 2:

By deleting after the word "the" the following language: "State Department of Health" and inserting in lieu thereof, the following: "Board";

Page 9, Section 3, Line 23:

By deleting after the word "the" the following language: "State Department of Health" and inserting in lieu thereof, the following: "Board";

Page 12, Section 3, Line 201/2:

By inserting new paragraphs to read as follows:

"23. Any property or property interest that is possessed, owned or used in connection with the medical use of marijuana or acts incidental to such use, shall not be harmed, neglected, injured, or destroyed while in the possession of the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission or its designee, where such property has been seized in connection with the claimed medical use of marijuana. Any such property or property interest shall not be forfeited without conviction of a criminal offense and pursuant to state or federal law providing for such forfeiture. Marijuana and paraphernalia seized by state or local law enforcement officials from a patient or caregiver in connection with the claimed medical use of marijuana shall be returned immediately upon the determination of the district attorney or his or her designee that the patient or caregiver is entitled to the protection contained in this paragraph as may be evidenced, for example, by a decision not to prosecute, the dismissal of charges or acquittal;

- 24. Work with the Council on Law Enforcement Education and Training to create and maintain a training program for state or local law enforcement regarding the provisions of this act and State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412;
- 25. Work with the Department of Public Safety and local Oklahoma tag agencies to determine a safe and cost effective way to produce secure licenses to approved patients, dispensary applicants, commercial grower applicants, processor applicants and medical marijuana testing laboratory applicants;
- 26. Work with the Oklahoma State Banking Department and the State Treasurer to determine the feasibility of a state chartered bank;"

Page 14, Section 4, Line 5:

By deleting after the word "Section" the following language: "10024 of Title 74" and inserting in lieu thereof, the following: "8006 of Title 63";

Page 17, Section 4, Line 1:

By deleting after the word "to" the word "promulgate" and inserting in lieu thereof, the word "suggest";

Page 17, Section 4, Line 8:

By deleting after the word "regulations" the word "promulgate" and inserting in lieu thereof, the word "suggest"; and

Page 17, Section 5, Line 11:

By inserting new sections 3-31 into the bill:

(see attached)

and by renumbering the subsequent sections of the bill.

"SECTION 1. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 8001 of Title 63, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Oklahoma Medical Marijuana Act of 2018".

SECTION 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 8002 of Title 63, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

As used in this act:

- 1. "Acquire" or "acquisition" means coming to possess marijuana by means of any legal source herein authorized, not from an unauthorized source, and in accordance with this act and any rules promulgated under this act;
- 2. "Applicant" means a person or entity applying for a dispensary license, commercial grower license, processor license, medical marijuana testing laboratory license or transporter license;
- 3. "Approved" means to be approved by the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission and provided a license;
- 4. "Assist" or "assisting" means helping a licensed patient make medical use of marijuana by enabling the medical use by any means authorized under this act;
- 5. "Attestation" means a medical document that is signed by an Oklahoma board-certified physician for the use of medical marijuana approved by the state;

6. "Authorization" means a medical document that is signed by an Oklahoma board-certified physician for the use of medical marijuana approved by the state;

1.3

- 7. "Batch" means the usable flower and trim consisting of a specific lot or lots of marijuana grown by a commercial growing facility from one or more seeds or cuttings of the same strain of marijuana;
- 8. "Board" means the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission Governing Board as created in Section 4 of this act;
- 9. "Cardholder" means a licensed patient, a dispensary agent, a commercial growing facility agent, a processor agent, a medical marijuana testing laboratory agent or a designated caregiver;
- 10. "Caregiver" means a family member or paid helper who regularly looks after a homebound medical marijuana license holder;
  - 11. "Commercial grower" means an entity or person that:
    - a. has been licensed by the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission pursuant to this act, and
    - b. cultivates, prepares, manufactures and sells to and delivers usable marijuana to licensed dispensaries, other licensed commercial growers or licensed processors;
- 12. "Commission" means the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission as created in Section 3 of this act;

- 13. "Commissioner" means the Oklahoma Cannabis Commissioner as created in Section 6 of this act;
  - 14. "Department" means the State Department of Health;

- 15. "Designated caregiver" means a person who is at least twenty-one (21) years of age, has not been convicted of an excluded violent crime, has agreed to assist a physically disabled licensed patient with the medical use of marijuana and who has registered with the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission. A designated caregiver includes, without limitation, a parent of a licensed patient who is under the age of eighteen (18) and is required to register as a designated caregiver under this act;
- 16. "Device used for the consumption of medical marijuana" or "device" means all equipment, products and materials of any kind which are used, intended for use or fashioned specifically for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, harvesting, manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing, preparing, testing, analyzing, packaging, repackaging, storing, containing, concealing, injecting, ingesting, inhaling or otherwise introducing medical marijuana into the human body;
- 17. "Dispensary" means an entity that has been licensed by the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission pursuant to this act to sell at retail medical marijuana and medical marijuana products or derivatives to a licensed patient or his or her caregiver;

18. "Dispensary agent" means an employee, supervisor, volunteer or agent of a dispensary who works at the dispensary and has registered with the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission under this act or an owner, officer or board member of a dispensary who has registered with the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission under this act;

- 19. "Edible" or "edibles" means marijuana-infused products that are consumed orally;
  - 20. "Excluded violent crime" means:

1.3

2.1

- a. a violent crime as provided for in Section 571 of

  Title 57 of the Oklahoma Statutes. Provided, however,

  an offense that has been sealed by a court or for

  which a pardon has been granted is not considered an

  excluded violent crime, or
- b. a violation of a state or federal controlled dangerous substance law that was classified as a felony in the jurisdiction where the person was convicted, but shall not include:
  - (1) an offense for which the sentence, including any term of probation, incarceration or supervised release, was completed ten (10) or more years earlier, or
  - (2) an offense that has been sealed by a court or for which a pardon has been granted;

- 21. "Flower" or "flowers" means the reproductive organs of the marijuana plant that may be referred to as the hairy, sticky bud or parts of the plant that are harvested and used to consume in a variety of marijuana products;
  - 22. "Growing facility" or "grower" means an entity that:
    - a. has been licensed by the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission,
    - b. cultivates, prepares, manufactures, processes and packages usable medical marijuana, and
    - c. sells and delivers usable medical marijuana to a dispensary;
- 23. "Growing facility agent" means an employee, supervisor or agent of a growing facility who works at the growing facility and has registered with the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission under this act;
- 24. "Hazardous materials" means materials, whether solid, liquid or gas, which are toxic to human, animal, aquatic or plant life, and the disposal of which materials is controlled by state or federal guidelines;
- 25. "Homebound" means a patient that cannot leave home without considerable and taxing effort;
- 26. "Laboratory" means a place or business approved by the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission for the testing of marijuana and marijuana-derived products;

27. "Laboratory agent" means an employee, supervisor or agent of a laboratory who works at a testing laboratory and has registered with the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission;

- 28. "Licensed patient" or "patient" means a person who has been issued a medical marijuana license;
- 29. "Lineage" means the lineal descent of a marijuana plant from an ancestor;
- 30. "Marijuana" means all parts of the plant Cannabis sativa

  L., whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, the resin extracted

  from any part of such plant and every compound, manufacture, salt,

  derivative, mixture or preparation of such plant, its seeds or

  resin, but shall not include:
  - a. the mature stalks of such plant or fiber produced from such stalks,
  - b. oil or cake made from the seeds of such plant, including cannabidiol derived from the seeds of the marijuana plant,
  - c. any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative,
    mixture or preparation of such mature stalks, except
    the resin extracted therefrom, including cannabidiol
    derived from mature stalks, fiber, oil or cake, and
  - d. the sterilized seed of such plant which is incapable of germination;

Į

1.3

31. "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propagation, compounding or processing of a controlled dangerous substance, either directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of natural or synthetic origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis. "Manufacturer" includes any person who packages, repackages or labels any container of any controlled dangerous substance, except practitioners who dispense or compound prescription orders for delivery to the ultimate consumer;

- 32. "Medical marijuana program" means the governing operations of the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission;
- 33. "Medical purpose" means an intention to utilize medical marijuana for physical or mental treatment, for diagnosis or for the prevention of a disease condition not in violation of any state law and not for the purpose of satisfying physiological or psychological dependence or other abuse;
- 34. "Medical use" means the acquisition, possession, use, delivery, transfer or transportation of marijuana or paraphernalia relating to the administration of marijuana to treat a licensed patient;
- 35. "Oklahoma board-certified physician" means a medical doctor or osteopathic physician, licensed, registered or otherwise permitted to prescribe, distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to, use for scientific purposes or administer a controlled

dangerous substance in the course of professional practice or research in this state;

- 36. "Person" means an individual, corporation, government or governmental subdivision or agency, business trust, estate, trust, partnership or association or any other legal entity;
- 37. "Pesticide" means a substance used for destroying insects or other organisms harmful to cultivated plants or to animals;
- 38. "Production" includes the manufacture, planting, cultivation, growing or harvesting of a controlled dangerous substance;
- 39. "Primary caregiver" means a person at least eighteen (18) years of age who has agreed to take responsibility for managing the well-being of a licensed patient with respect to the medical use of marijuana pursuant to this act;
- 40. "Private business information" means information that if disclosed would give advantage to competitors or bidders including, but not limited to, information related to the plans of an applicant, site location, operations, strategy or product development and marketing unless approval for release of those records is granted by the business entity;
- 41. "Processor" means a person or entity licensed by the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission to distill or process marijuana plants into concentrates, edibles and other forms for consumption pursuant to Oklahoma Cannabis Commission standards;

42. "Processor agent" means an employee, supervisor or agent of a licensed processor who works at the processor and has registered with the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission;

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

- 43. "Recommendation" means a medical document that is signed by an Oklahoma board-certified physician for the use of medical marijuana approved by the state;
- 44. "Registered to conduct business" means an individual or business that has:
  - a. provided proof that the business applicant is in good standing with the Oklahoma Secretary of State, Oklahoma Tax Commission and the Internal Revenue Service,
  - b. demonstrated the ability to operate a business in compliance with applicable laws, rules and regulations,
  - c. provided a detailed plan for acquiring and producing sufficient quantities of the product they are engaged in,
  - d. developed a business plan for operating the business in which they are engaged in,
  - e. demonstrated financial stability, and
  - f. demonstrated a plan for economic impact and community benefit;

45. "Resident" means a person who lives in the State of Oklahoma permanently;

- 46. "State" means the State of Oklahoma or any other state of the United States;
- 47. "Strain" or "strains" means the classification for marijuana plants in either pure sativa, indica or hybrid varieties;
- 48. "Transporter" means a person who is licensed by the
  Oklahoma Cannabis Commission to transport marijuana from an
  Oklahoma-licensed dispensary, licensed commercial grower facility or
  licensed processor facility to an Oklahoma-licensed dispensary,
  licensed commercial grower facility or licensed processing facility;
- 49. "Usable marijuana" means the stalks, seeds, roots, dried leaves, flowers, oils, vapors, waxes and other portions of the marijuana plant and any mixture or preparation thereof; and
- 50. "Written certification" means a document, not a medical prescription, signed by an Oklahoma board-certified physician stating that in the professional opinion of the physician, after having completed an assessment of the medical history of the patient and current medical condition made in the course of a physician-patient relationship, the patient has a medical condition that can be treated, minimized or relieved by the use of medical marijuana, and the use of medical marijuana would not cause a significant health risk to the patient.

SECTION 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 8007 of Title 63, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

- A. Upon certification of election returns favoring passage of State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412, there is hereby created the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission.
- B. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall address issues related to the medical marijuana program in Oklahoma including, but not limited to, monitoring and disciplinary actions as they relate to the medical marijuana program.
- C. 1. The Commission or its designee may perform on-site assessments of a licensed grower or grower-applicant, a licensed processor or processor-applicant, a licensed laboratory or a laboratory-applicant, and a licensed dispensary or dispensary-applicant, to determine compliance with these acts or submissions made pursuant to this section. The Commission may enter the premises of a licensed grower, licensed processor, licensed laboratory, or licensed dispensary at any time to assess or monitor.
- 2. Twenty-four (24) hours of notice shall be provided to a licensed grower or grower-applicant, a licensed processor or processor-applicant, a licensed laboratory or a laboratory-applicant and a licensed dispensary or dispensary-applicant, prior to an onsite assessment, except when the Commission has reasonable suspicion to believe that providing notice will result in the destruction of

evidence, or that providing such notice will impede the ability of the Commission to enforce these regulations.

1.3

- 3. The Commission may review any and all records of a licensed patient or primary caregiver, licensed dispensary, licensed grower, a licensed processor and licensed laboratory, and may require and conduct interviews with such persons or entities and persons affiliated with such entities, for the purpose of determining compliance with Commission requirements and applicable laws.
- 4. All licensed dispensaries, licensed growers, licensed processors and licensed laboratories shall provide the Commission or the designee of the Commission immediate access to any material and information necessary for determining compliance with this section.
- 5. Failure by a licensed dispensary, licensed grower, licensed processor or licensed laboratory to provide the Commission access to the premises or materials may result in disciplinary action, in accordance with this section.
- 6. Any failure to adhere to the provisions of this section that is documented by the Commission during monitoring may result in disciplinary action, in accordance with this section.
- 7. The Commission shall refer complaints alleging criminal activity that are made against a licensed grower, licensed processor, licensed laboratory or licensed dispensary to appropriate Oklahoma state or local law enforcement authorities.

- 1 D. Disciplinary action may be taken against a licensed grower or grower-applicant, a licensed processor or processor-applicant, a licensed laboratory or a laboratory-applicant, a licensed dispensary or dispensary-applicant or a licensed transporter or transporterapplicant.
  - Disciplinary actions may include revocation, suspension or denial of an application, license or Commission approval and other action.
    - F. Disciplinary actions may be imposed for:

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

24

- 1. Failure to comply with or satisfy any provision of this section;
  - 2. Falsification or misrepresentation of any material or information submitted to the Commission;
  - 3. Failing to allow or impeding a monitoring visit by authorized representatives of the Commission;
  - 4. Failure to adhere to any acknowledgement, verification or other representation made to the Commission;
  - 5. Failure to submit or disclose information required by this section or otherwise requested by the Commission;
  - Failure to correct any violation of this section cited as a result of a review or audit of financial records or other materials;
- 22 7. Failure to comply with requested access by the Commission to 23 the premises or materials;
  - 8. Failure to pay a required monetary penalty;

Page 13 Req. No. 10163

9. Diversion of cannabis or a cannabis-derived product, as determined by the Commission;

- 10. Threatening or harming a patient, a medical practitioner or an employee of the Commission; and
  - 11. Any other basis as identified in this section.
- G. Disciplinary actions against a licensed grower, licensed processor, licensed laboratory or licensed dispensary may include the imposition of monetary penalties, which may be assessed by the Commission in the amount of:
- 1. One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) for the first assessed monetary penalty in a calendar year;
- 2. Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) for the second assessed monetary penalty in a calendar year; or
- 3. One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for every monetary penalty thereafter assessed in a calendar year.

Penalties for sales to persons other than those allowed by law occurring within any two-year time period shall be an initial fine of Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) for a first violation and revocation of licensing for a second violation within a two-year period.

Proceeds from penalties collected shall be deposited in a special revenue fund known as the "Oklahoma Cannabis Commission Fund" with the State Treasurer.

H. The following persons or entities may request a hearing to contest an action or proposed action of the Commission:

- 1. A licensed dispensary whose license has been summarily suspended or who has received a notice of contemplated action to suspend or revoke a license or take other disciplinary action;
- 2. A licensed dispensary-applicant whose application is denied for any reason other than failure to submit a completed application or failure to meet a submittal requirement;
- 3. A licensed grower whose license has been summarily suspended or who has received a notice of contemplated action to suspend or revoke a license or take other disciplinary action;
- 4. A licensed grower-applicant whose application is denied for any reason other than failure to submit a completed application or failure to meet a submittal requirement;
- 5. A licensed processor whose approval status has been summarily suspended or who has received a notice of contemplated action to suspend or revoke approval status or take other disciplinary action;
- 6. A processor-applicant whose application is denied for any reason other than failure to submit a completed application or failure to meet a submittal requirement;
- 7. A licensed laboratory whose approval status has been summarily suspended or who has received a notice of contemplated

1 action to suspend or revoke approval status or take other
2 disciplinary action;

3

5

6

7

10

11

12

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- 8. A laboratory-applicant whose application is denied for any reason other than failure to submit a completed application or failure to meet a submittal requirement;
- 9. A licensed transporter whose approval status has been summarily suspended or who has received a notice of contemplated action to suspend or revoke approval status or take other disciplinary action;
- 10. A transporter-applicant whose application is denied for any reason other than failure to submit a completed application or failure to meet a submittal requirement; and
- 11. A person whose participation with a licensed grower or licensed entity is prohibited based on a criminal background check.
- I. The appellant shall file the request for hearing within thirty (30) calendar days of the date the action is taken or the notice of contemplated action is received. The request shall:
  - 1. Be properly addressed to the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission;
- 2. State the name, address and telephone number of the appellant; and
- 3. Include a statement of the issue that the appellant considers relevant to the review of the action.
- J. 1. All hearings held pursuant to this section shall be conducted by a hearing officer appointed by the Commission.

2. Hearings shall be conducted in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, or, with the consent of the parties, in another location.

- 3. Due to federal and state confidentiality laws, hearings held pursuant to this section that concern licensed patients, patient-applicants and licensed dispensary or dispensary-applicants shall be closed to the public. Portions of hearings may further be closed to prevent the disclosure of confidential information.
- 4. The hearing shall be recorded on audiotape or other means of sound reproduction.
- 5. Any hearing provided for in this section may be held telephonically, with the consent of the parties.
- K. The Commission shall schedule and hold the hearing as soon as practicable, but in no event later than sixty (60) calendar days from the date the Commission receives a request for a hearing by an appellant. The hearing examiner shall extend the sixty-day time period upon motion for good cause shown or the parties may extend the sixty-day time period by mutual agreement. The Commission shall issue notice of hearing, which shall include:
  - 1. A statement of the location, date and time of the hearing;
- 2. A short and plain statement of the legal authority under which the hearing is to be held; and
  - 3. A short and plain statement of the subject of the hearing.
- L. All parties shall be given the opportunity to respond and present evidence and argument on all relevant issues.

- 1 M. The record of the proceeding shall include the following:
- All pleadings, motions and intermediate rulings;
  - 2. Evidence and briefs received or considered;

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- 3. A statement of matters officially noticed;
- 4. Offers of proof, objections and rulings thereon;
- 5. Proposed findings and conclusions; and
  - 6. Any action recommended by the hearing examiner.
- N. A party may request a copy of the audio recording of the proceedings.
- O. 1. A party may be represented by a person licensed to practice law in Oklahoma or a nonlawyer representative, or may represent himself or herself.
- 2. The rules of evidence as applied in the courts do not apply in these proceedings. Any relevant evidence shall be admitted.

  Irrelevant, immaterial or unduly repetitious evidence may be excluded.
- 3. The experience, technical competence and specialized knowledge of the hearing examiner, the Commission or the staff of the Commission may be used in the evaluation of evidence.
- 4. The failure of an appellant to appear at the hearing at the date and time noticed for the hearing shall constitute a default.
- P. Unless the hearing examiner determines that a different procedure is appropriate, the hearing shall be conducted in

1 accordance with the procedures set forth in this section. The 2 following procedures shall apply:

- 1. The appellant shall present an opening statement and the Commission may present an opening statement or reserve the statement until presentation of the case of the Commission;
- 2. After the opening statements, if made, the appellant shall present its case;
- 3. Upon the conclusion of the case of the appellant, the Commission shall present its case;
- 4. Upon conclusion of the case of the Commission, the appellant may present rebuttal evidence; and
- 5. After presentation of the evidence by the parties, the parties may present closing arguments.
  - Q. The appellant shall bear the burden of establishing by a preponderance of the evidence that the decision made or proposed by the Commission should be reversed or modified.
  - R. The hearing examiner may grant a continuance for good cause shown. A motion to continue a hearing shall be made at least ten (10) calendar days before the hearing date, unless emergency circumstances arise.
  - S. 1. Any party requesting a telephonic hearing shall do so no less than ten (10) business days prior to the date of the hearing.

    Notice of the telephonic hearing shall be given to all parties and shall include all necessary telephone numbers.

2. The appellant is responsible for ensuring the telephone number to the location of the appellant for the telephonic hearing is accurate and the appellant is available at said telephone number at the time the hearing is to commence. Failure to provide the correct telephone number or failure to be available at the commencement of the hearing shall be treated as a failure to appear and shall subject the appellant to a default judgment.

1.3

- 3. The in-person presence of some parties or witnesses at the hearing shall not prevent the participation of other parties or witnesses by telephone with prior approval of the hearing examiner.
- T. 1. The parties may submit briefs including findings of fact and conclusions of law for consideration by the hearing examiner.
- 2. No later than thirty (30) calendar days after the last submission by a party, the hearing examiner shall prepare and submit to the Commission or designee of the Commission a written recommendation of action to be taken by the Commission or designee of the Commission. The recommendation shall propose sustaining, modifying or reversing the action or proposed action of the Commission.
- 3. The Commission or designee of the Commission shall issue a final written decision accepting or rejecting the recommendation of the hearing examiner in whole or in part no later than thirty (30) calendar days after receipt of the recommendation of the hearing examiner. The final decision shall identify the final action taken.

- Service of the final decision of the Commission or designee of the Commission shall be made upon the appellant by registered or certified mail.
- 4. The final decision or order shall be included in the file of the appellant with the medical cannabis program.
- SECTION 4. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 8008 of Title 63, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

- A. Upon certification of election returns favoring passage of State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412, there is hereby created the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission. All responsibilities held by the Oklahoma Department of Health pursuant to State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412, shall be transferred directly to the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission.
- B. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall be the regulatory office established under State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412, which will receive and review applications for medical marijuana license recipients.
- C. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission, with the aid of the Office of Management and Enterprise Services, shall develop a website for medical marijuana license applications.
- D. Within thirty (30) days of the passage of State Question No.

  788, Initiative Petition No. 412, the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission

  shall make available on its website, in an easy-to-find location, an

1 application for a medical marijuana license or temporary medical 2 marijuana license.

E. Medical marijuana license applicants shall submit an application to the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission for approval.

- F. The application fee for a medical marijuana license shall be One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00), or Twenty Dollars (\$20.00) for individuals on Medicaid or Medicare. The methods of payment, to be determined by the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission, shall be provided on the website. Proceeds from the application fees collected shall be deposited in a special revenue fund known as the "Oklahoma Cannabis Commission Fund" with the State Treasurer.
- G. To apply for a medical marijuana license, the applicant shall:
  - 1. Be a resident of Oklahoma and shall prove residency by a valid driver license, utility bill or other acceptable method as determined by the Commission; and
  - 2. Be eighteen (18) years of age or older; provided, however, a special exception will be granted to an applicant who is eighteen (18) years of age or younger, and the application is signed by two physicians as well as the parent or legal guardian of the applicant.
  - H. A written certification from an Oklahoma Board certified physician, as well as contact information for the physician, shall be submitted with the application for a medical marijuana license.

    The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission may contact the physician to verify

the applicant's need for a medical marijuana license. The physician may only issue the written certification using accepted standards a reasonable and prudent physician would follow when recommending or approving any medication.

- I. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall review the medical marijuana application, approve or reject the application and mail the approval, rejection or status update letter to the applicant within fourteen (14) days of receipt of the application.
- 1. Applicants who are approved shall be issued a medical marijuana license which shall act as proof of his or her approved status.
- 2. If the Commission rejects an application for a medical marijuana license, the letter to the applicant shall state the reason why the application was rejected. Applications may only be rejected by the Commission due to an applicant not meeting the standards set forth in this section or the improper completion of an application.
- 3. Letters that provide a status update to applicants shall state a reason for the delay in either approval or rejection of the application including situations where an application has been properly submitted, but a delay in processing the application has occurred.

- J. Approval, rejection or status-update letters shall be sent to the applicant in the same method the application was submitted to the Commission.
- K. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall keep the following records for each approved medical marijuana license:
  - 1. A digital photograph of the medical marijuana licensee;
  - 2. The expiration date of the license;

- 3. The county where the license was issued; and
- 4. The unique 24-character identification number assigned to the medical marijuana licensee.
- L. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall make available a method to validate the authenticity of the medical marijuana license by the unique 24-character identification number as follows:
- By accessing the website of the Oklahoma Cannabis
   Commission;
- 2. By communication via telephone to the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission; or
- 3. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission may contract with other state agencies to establish a method for verification should another system be made available or determined to be more cost-effective.
- M. All other records regarding a medical marijuana licensee shall be maintained by the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission and shall be deemed confidential. Such records shall be marked as confidential, shall not be made available to the public and shall only be made

- available to the licensee, designee of the licensee, the physician
  of the licensee or the caregiver of the licensee.
  - 1. The provisions of this subsection shall not prevent the Commission from complying with a warrant or subpoena, nor with using such records for the benefit of the licensee or the protection of the Commission.
  - 2. A log shall be kept with the file of the licensee to record any event in which the records of the licensee were made available and to whom the records were provided.
  - N. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall provide for a caregiver license for qualified caregivers of a medical marijuana license holder who is homebound. The caregiver license shall provide the caregiver the same rights as the medical marijuana license holder, excluding use. Applicants for a caregiver license shall submit the following to the Commission:
    - 1. Proof of the homebound status of the medical marijuana license holder;
  - 2. Proof that the applicant is the designee of the medical marijuana license holder;
  - 3. Proof that the caregiver is eighteen (18) years of age or older; and
- 4. Proof that the caregiver is an Oklahoma resident.

SECTION 5. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 8009 of Title 63, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

- A. Only Oklahoma board-certified physicians may recommend marijuana to a patient.
- B. Prior to providing a recommendation, attestation or authorization for marijuana to a patient, the physician shall:
- 1. Document that an appropriate physician-patient relationship has been established with an in-person medical evaluation;
- 2. Review relevant clinical history. An objective evaluation of the patient shall be obtained prior to a decision being made as to whether to recommend marijuana for medical use. At a minimum, the evaluation shall include, but is not limited to:
  - a. the history of the present illness of the patient,
  - b. social history,

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

- c. past medical and surgical history,
- d. alcohol- and substance-use history,
  - e. family history with emphasis on addiction, mental illness or psychotic disorders,
  - f. physical examination,
  - g. documentation of therapies with inadequate response, and
- h. diagnosis requiring the marijuana recommendation;

3. Consult the central repository as required by Section 2-309D of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes prior to making or issuing a recommendation, attestation or authorization for marijuana, for the purpose of reviewing the controlled substance history of the patient;

- 4. The decision to recommend marijuana shall be a shared decision between the physician and the patient. The physician shall discuss the risks and benefits of the use of marijuana with the patient. Patients shall be advised of the variability and lack of standardization of marijuana preparations and the effects of marijuana. Patients shall be reminded not to drive or operate heavy machinery while under the influence of marijuana. If the patient is a minor or without decision-making capacity, the physician must ensure that the parent, guardian or surrogate of the patient is involved in the treatment plan and consents to the use of marijuana by the patient; and
- 5. Produce a treatment agreement. A physician shall document a written treatment plan that includes, but is not limited to:
  - a. review of other measures attempted to ease the suffering caused by the medical condition that does not involve the recommendation of marijuana,
  - b. advice about other options for managing the medical condition,

Req. No. 10163

2.1

1	c. determination that the patient may benefit from the
2	recommendation of marijuana,
3	d. advice about the potential risks of the medical use of
4	marijuana to include, but not be limited to:
5	(1) the variability of quality and concentration of
6	marijuana,
7	(2) the risk of cannabis use disorder,
8	(3) adverse events, exacerbation of psychotic
9	disorder, adverse cognitive effects for children
10	and young adults and other risks, including falls
11	or fractures,
12	(4) use of marijuana during pregnancy or breast-
13	feeding,
14	(5) the need to safeguard all marijuana and
15	marijuana-infused products from children and pets
16	or domestic animals, and
17	(6) the need to notify the patient that the marijuana
18	is to be used only by the patient and the
19	marijuana shall not be donated or otherwise
20	supplied to another individual,
21	e. additional diagnostic evaluations or other planned
22	treatments,
23	
24	

Req. No. 10163 Page 28

- f. a specific duration for the marijuana authorization for a period no longer than twenty-four (24) months, and
- g. a specific ongoing treatment plan as medically appropriate.

- C. Recommending marijuana for certain medical conditions is at the professional discretion of the physician, which must be exercised in accordance with the accepted standards a reasonable and prudent physician would follow in recommending or approving any medication. The indication, appropriateness and safety of the recommendation should be evaluated in accordance with current standards of practice and in compliance with state laws, rules and regulations.
- D. Where available, the physician recommending marijuana should check the prescription-monitoring program each time a recommendation, attestation, authorization or reauthorization is issued. The physician should regularly assess the response of the patient to the use of marijuana and overall health and level of function, as medically appropriate. This assessment should include the efficacy of the treatment to the patient, the goals of the treatment and the progress of those goals.
- E. A patient who has a history of substance use disorder or a co-occurring mental health disorder may require specialized assessment and treatment. The physician should seek a consultation

with, or refer the patient to, a pain management, psychiatric, addiction or mental health specialist, as needed.

3

5

6

7

8

10

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- F. The physician should keep accurate and complete medical records. Information that should appear in the medical record includes, but is not necessarily limited to, the following:
- 1. The medical history of the patient, including a review of prior medical records as appropriate;
- 2. Results of the physical examination, patient evaluation, diagnostic, therapeutic and laboratory results;
  - 3. Other treatments and prescribed medications;
- 4. Authorization, attestation or recommendation for marijuana to include date, expiration and any additional information required by state statute;
  - 5. Instructions to the patient, including discussions of risks and benefits, side effects and variable effects;
  - 6. Results of ongoing assessment and monitoring of the response of the patient to the use of marijuana; and
  - 7. A copy of the signed treatment agreement including instructions on safekeeping and instructions on not sharing.
  - G. Consistent with the prevailing standard of care, physicians shall not recommend, attest or otherwise authorize marijuana for themselves or a family member.
  - H. A physician who recommends marijuana should not have a professional office located at a dispensary or cultivation center or

receive financial compensation from or hold a financial interest in
a dispensary or cultivation center. Nor should the physician be a
director, officer, member, incorporator, agent, employee or retailer
of a dispensary or cultivation center.

- I. After an Oklahoma board-certified physician reviews a patient and makes a recommendation for marijuana according to the guidelines, the physician may provide to a patient a liability waiver.
- J. In addition to demonstrating the physician followed the recommendation guidelines, the liability waiver shall include the following language:

"This agreement releases (Physician) from all liability relating to injuries that may occur from the use of marijuana. By signing this agreement, I agree to hold (Physician) entirely free from any liability, including financial responsibility for injuries incurred, from the use of marijuana.

I also acknowledge the risks involved in the use of marijuana. These include, but are not limited to:

- 1. The variability of quality and concentration of marijuana;
- 2. The risk of cannabis use disorder;
- 3. Exacerbation of psychotic disorders and adverse cognitive effects for children and young adults;

4. Adverse events, exacerbation of psychotic disorder, adverse cognitive effects for children and young adults and other risks, including falls or fractures;

5. Use of marijuana during pregnancy or breast-feeding;

- 6. The need to safeguard all marijuana and marijuana-infused products from children and pets or domestic animals; and
- 7. The need to notify the patient that the marijuana is to be used only by the patient and the marijuana shall not be donated or otherwise supplied to another individual.

I swear that I am participating voluntarily and that all risks have been made clear to me. Additionally, I do not have any conditions that will increase my likelihood of experiencing injuries while engaging in this activity.

By signing below I forfeit all right to bring a suit against (Physician) for any reason relating to the recommendation of marijuana.

I will also make every effort to obey safety precautions as listed in writing and as explained to me verbally. I will ask for clarification when needed."

- K. No Oklahoma board-certified physician may be unduly stigmatized or harassed for issuing a written certification for a patient.
- L. An Oklahoma board-certified physician shall not be subject to arrest, prosecution or penalty in any manner or denied any right

1 or privilege, including without limitation a civil penalty or

2 disciplinary action by the State Board of Medical Licensure and

3 | Supervision or by any other business, occupation or professional

licensing board or bureau, solely for providing written

5 | certification for a patient. The provisions of this subsection

6 | shall not prevent the State Board of Medical Licensure and

7

8

9

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

Supervision from sanctioning a physician for failing to properly

evaluate the medical condition of a patient or for otherwise

violating the applicable physician-patient standard of care.

SECTION 6. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 8010 of Title 63, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

- A. This section shall only go into effect upon certification of election returns favoring passage of State Question No. 788,
  Initiative Petition No. 412.
- B. No school may refuse to enroll a person, nor landlord refuse to lease to a person, solely for his or her status as a medical marijuana license holder, unless failing to do so would cause the school or landlord to lose a monetary or licensing-related benefit under federal law or regulations.
- C. Unless a failure to do so would cause an employer to lose a monetary or licensing-related benefit under federal law or regulations, an employer may not discriminate against a person when hiring, terminating or imposing any term or condition of employment

or otherwise penalize a person solely based upon the status of the person as a medical marijuana license holder or based upon results of a drug test that shows the medical marijuana license holder tests positive for marijuana or its components; provided, however, employers may take action against a medical marijuana license holder if the person uses or possesses marijuana while at the place of employment of the medical marijuana license holder or during the hours of employment.

- D. A medical marijuana license holder or designated caregiver in actual possession of a medical marijuana license card shall not be subject to arrest, prosecution or penalty in any manner or denied any right or privilege, including without limitation a civil penalty or disciplinary action by a business, occupational or professional licensing board or bureau, for the medical use of marijuana in accordance with the medical marijuana program. No person holding a medical marijuana license may be prohibited from holding a state-issued license by virtue of such person being a medical marijuana license holder.
- E. For the purposes of medical care, including organ transplants, the authorized use of marijuana by a medical marijuana license holder must be considered the equivalent of the use of any other medication under the direction of a physician and shall not constitute the use of an illicit substance or otherwise disqualify a registered qualifying patient from medical care.

- F. No medical marijuana license holder may be denied custody, visitation or parenting time with a minor based solely upon that person being a medical marijuana license holder. There shall be no presumption of neglect or child endangerment for conduct allowed under the provisions of the medical marijuana program, unless the behavior of the person creates an unreasonable danger to the health and safety of the minor.
- G. A person shall not be subject to arrest, prosecution or penalty in any manner or denied any right or privilege, including without limitation a civil penalty or disciplinary action by a business, occupational or professional licensing board or bureau, for providing a qualifying patient or designated caregiver with marijuana paraphernalia for purposes of facilitating the medical use of marijuana by a qualifying patient.
- H. A person shall not be subject to arrest, prosecution or penalty in any manner or denied any right or privilege, including without limitation a civil penalty or disciplinary action by a business, occupational or professional licensing board or bureau, simply for being in the presence or vicinity of the medical use of marijuana as allowed under the medical marijuana program or for directly assisting a physically disabled qualifying patient with the medical use of marijuana.

SECTION 7. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 8011 of Title 63, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

- A. Upon certification of election returns favoring passage of State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412, there is hereby created the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission, and all responsibilities held by the Oklahoma Department of Health pursuant to State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412 shall be transferred directly to the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission.
- B. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall be the regulatory office established under State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412, which will monitor, inspect and audit personal production of medical marijuana.
- C. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission, with the aid of the Office of Management and Enterprise Services, shall develop a website for personal production license applications.
- D. Within one hundred twenty (120) days of the passage of State Question No. 788, the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall make available, on its website, in an easy-to-find location, an application for a personal production license.
- E. A licensed patient may apply for a personal production license to produce medical marijuana solely for the personal use of the licensed patient. A personal production license applicant shall

- 1 submit his or her application to the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission 2 for approval.
  - F. A licensed patient may obtain no more than one personal production license, which may be issued for production to occur indoors in no more than one single location which shall be either the primary residence of the patient or other property owned by the patient.
  - G. No more than two personal production licenses shall be issued for a given location, with proof that a second licensed patient currently resides at the location. Multiple personal production licenses may not be issued for nonresidential locations.
  - H. Licensed patients shall provide the following in order to be considered for a personal production license to produce medical marijuana:
    - 1. Applicable nonrefundable fee;

- 2. A background check indicating no nonviolent felony conviction in the two (2) years preceding the application, nor any other felony conviction in the five (5) years preceding the application;
- 3. Proof the person is not an inmate or person currently incarcerated in a penal institution;
- 4. A description of the single indoor location that shall be used in the growing of marijuana;

5. If the location is on property that is not owned by the applicant, a written statement from the property owner or landlord that grants to the applicant permission to grow marijuana on the premises;

- 6. A written plan that ensures that the marijuana production shall not be visible from the street or other public areas;
- 7. A written acknowledgement that the applicant will ensure that all marijuana, marijuana-derived products and paraphernalia are accessible only by the applicant and his or her primary caregiver, if any, and that the marijuana, marijuana-derived products and paraphernalia will be kept secure and out of the reach of children;
- 8. A written acknowledgement that medical marijuana or marijuana-derived products that can support the rapid growth of undesirable microorganisms are stored in a manner that prevents the growth of said microorganisms;
- 9. A written acknowledgement that storage of medical marijuana or marijuana-derived products is under conditions that will maintain security and protect medical marijuana or marijuana-derived products against physical, chemical and microbial contamination, as well as against deterioration of the medical marijuana or marijuana-derived product and the container;
- 10. Detailed information of the Oklahoma-licensed dispensary from which the patient will buy marijuana plants, seedlings, seeds

or clippings. This information shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- a. the name and license number of the commercial grower or processor,
- the address and phone number of the commercial grower or processor,
- c. the type of product received during the transaction,
- d. the batch number of the marijuana plant used,
- e. the date of the transaction,

1

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

- f. the total spent in dollars, and
- g. any additional information as may be required by the Commission;
- 11. A description of any device or series of devices that shall be used to provide security and proof of the secure grounds; and
- 12. A written acknowledgement of the limitations of the right to use and possess marijuana for medical purposes in Oklahoma.
- I. All persons applying for a personal production license shall consent to and undergo a national criminal history record check and an Oklahoma criminal history record check by the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation. Background check documentation shall be submitted to the Commission.
- SECTION 8. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 8012 of Title 63, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A. Upon certification of election returns favoring passage of State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412, there is hereby created the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission, and all responsibilities held by the Oklahoma Department of Health pursuant to State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412 shall be transferred directly to the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission.

- B. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall be the regulatory office established under State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412, which shall receive and review applications for dispensaries that want to sell medical marijuana.
- C. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission, with the aid of the Office of Management and Enterprise Services, shall develop a website for dispensary applications.
- D. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall, within sixty (60) days of the effective date of this act, make available on its website or the website of the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission in an easy-to-find location, an application for a dispensary license.
- E. The application fee shall be Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00), and a method of payment shall be determined by the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission and provided on the website.
- F. Proceeds from the application fees collected shall be deposited in a special revenue fund known as the "Oklahoma Cannabis Commission Fund" with the State Treasurer.

G. A dispensary applicant, if an individual, must be a resident of Oklahoma for at least three (3) years prior to the date of application.

- H. A dispensary applicant, if an entity, must be owned by a resident of Oklahoma and must be registered to do business in Oklahoma; provided, however, an entity applying for a dispensary license may show ownership of non-Oklahoma residents, but the percentage of ownership shall not exceed twenty-five percent (25%).
- I. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall review the dispensary application, approve or reject the application and mail the approval, rejection or status-update letter to the applicant within fourteen (14) days of receipt of the application.
- 1. An approved applicant shall be issued a dispensary license which shall act as proof of his or her approved status.
- 2. If the Commission rejects an application for a dispensary license, the letter shall state the reason why the application was rejected. Applications may only be rejected by the Commission due to the applicant not meeting the standards set forth in this section or the improper completion of an application.
- 3. Letters that provide a status update to applicants shall state a reason for the delay in either approval or rejection of the application including situations where an application has been properly submitted, but a delay in processing the application has occurred.

- J. Approval, rejection or status-update letters shall be sent to the applicant in the same method the application was submitted to the Commission.
- K. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall approve all applications for a dispensary license that meet the following minimum criteria:

- 7 1. The applicant must be twenty-five (25) years of age or 8 older;
  - 2. If the applicant is applying as an individual, the applicant must show three (3) consecutive years of residency in the State of Oklahoma immediately preceding the date the application is submitted;
  - 3. If the applicant is applying as an entity, the entity may show ownership of persons who have not lived in Oklahoma for three (3) consecutive years preceding the application, but that percentage of ownership shall not exceed twenty-five percent (25%);
  - 4. All individuals or entities applying for a dispensary license must be registered to conduct business in the State of Oklahoma;
  - 5. All applicants shall disclose all ownership interests in the dispensary; and
- 6. All applicants, including all owners of the entity applying for a license, who:

a. have a nonviolent felony conviction in the two (2) years preceding the application submission deadline,

- b. have any other felony conviction in the five (5) years preceding the application submission deadline, or
- c. are inmates or persons currently incarcerated in a penal institution,

may not qualify for or have an interest in a dispensary license.

- SECTION 9. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 8013 of Title 63, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. Upon certification of election returns favoring passage of State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412, there is hereby created the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission, and all responsibilities held by the Oklahoma Department of Health pursuant to State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412 shall be transferred directly to the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission.
- B. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall be the regulatory office established under State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412, which will monitor, inspect and audit licensed dispensaries that sell medical marijuana.
- C. Only an Oklahoma-licensed dispensary may conduct retail sales of marijuana or marijuana derivatives in the form provided by licensed processors, and these products can only be sold to a medical marijuana license holder or his or her caregiver.

- D. Dispensaries shall be required to complete a monthly sales report and deliver the report to the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission.

  This report shall be due on the 15th of each month and provide reporting on the previous month. This report shall detail the weight of marijuana purchased at wholesale and the weight of marijuana sold to medical marijuana license holders, and account for any waste.
- E. The detailed sales report shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
  - 1. Types of products sold;
  - 2. Total sales in dollars;
  - 3. Tax collected in dollars; and
  - 4. Tax due in dollars.

1.3

- F. All marijuana or marijuana derivatives shall be purchased solely from Oklahoma-licensed commercial growers and Oklahoma-licensed processors, and shall not be purchased from any out-of-state providers.
- G. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall have oversight and auditing responsibilities to ensure that all marijuana being grown in Oklahoma is accounted for. Pursuant to these duties, the Commission shall require that each dispensary keep records for every transaction with commercial growers or licensed processors. These records shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- 2. The address and phone number of the commercial grower or processor;
  - 3. The type of product received during the transaction;
  - 4. The batch number of the marijuana plant used;
  - 5. The date of the transaction;

- 6. The total spent in dollars; and
- 7. Any additional information as may be required by the Commission.
- H. A dispensary may lawfully and in good faith sell, deliver, distribute or dispense medical marijuana to a licensed patient or designated caregiver upon presentation to the dispensary of a medical marijuana license for that licensed patient or designated caregiver, and one other form of a valid, state-issued identification.
- I. When presented with the medical marijuana license, the dispensary shall provide to the licensed patient or designated caregiver a receipt which shall state the name, address and registry identification number of the dispensary, the name and registry identification number of the licensed patient and the name of the designated caregiver, if applicable, the date the marijuana was sold, any recommendation or limitation by the physician as to the

form or forms of medical marijuana or dosage for the licensed patient and the form and the quantity of medical marijuana sold.

1.3

- J. When a dispensary sells, delivers, distributes or dispenses medical marijuana to a licensed patient or designated caregiver, the dispensary shall provide to that individual a safety insert which shall be developed and approved by the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission and shall include, but not be limited to:
- 1. Notice that the marijuana is only for the use of the patient and the marijuana shall not be donated or otherwise supplied to another individual;
- 2. The legal consequences of supplying medical marijuana to another individual;
  - 3. The variability of quality and concentration of marijuana;
  - 4. The risk of cannabis use disorder;
- 5. Adverse events, exacerbation of psychotic disorder, adverse cognitive effects for children and young adults and other risks, including falls or fractures;
  - 6. Use of marijuana during pregnancy or breast feeding;
- 7. The need to safeguard all marijuana and marijuana-infused products from children and pets or domestic animals;
- 8. How to recognize what may be problematic usage of medical marijuana and obtain appropriate services or treatment for problematic usage; and

9. Other information as determined by the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission.

1.3

- K. Medical marijuana dispensed to a licensed patient or designated caregiver by a dispensary shall conform to any recommendation, attestation or authorization by the physician as to the form or forms of medical marijuana or dosage for the licensed patient.
- L. Penalties for sales to persons other than those allowed by law occurring within any two-year time period shall be an initial fine of Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) for the first violation and revocation of licensing for a second violation within a two-year period.
- 1. A licensed dispensary shall only be subject to a penalty if a gross discrepancy exists and cannot be explained.
- 2. Proceeds from penalties collected shall be deposited in a special revenue fund known as the "Oklahoma Cannabis Commission Fund" with the State Treasurer.
- M. A dispensary is required to keep an updated list of its patients on-site for a minimum of five (5) years and shall keep all medical patient paperwork on file in its system. These files are to be labeled as "Confidential".
- N. A licensed dispensary shall be subject to a penalty for unauthorized dissemination of patient information.

1. Penalties for unauthorized dissemination of patient information shall be an initial fine not to exceed Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000.00) for each violation and revocation of licensing, depending on the severity of the unauthorized dissemination.

1.3

- 2. Proceeds from penalties collected shall be deposited in a special revenue fund known as the "Oklahoma Cannabis Commission Fund" with the State Treasurer.
- O. Each licensed dispensary shall contract with an independent laboratory to test the medical marijuana sold by the dispensary.

  The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall approve the laboratory and require that the laboratory report testing results in a manner to be determined by the Commission.
- P. Each licensed dispensary shall develop, implement and maintain on its premises policies and procedures relating to the medical marijuana program, which shall at a minimum include the following:
- 1. Distribution criteria for licensed patients or primary caregivers appropriate for marijuana services, to include clear, legible photocopies of the registry identification card and Oklahoma photo identification card of every licensed patient or primary caregiver served by the dispensary;
- 2. Testing criteria and procedures, which shall be consistent with the testing requirements of the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission;
  - 3. Alcohol- and drug-free workplace policies and procedures;

4. Employee policies and procedures to address the following requirements:

- a. job descriptions or employment contracts developed for every employee that identify duties, authority, responsibilities, qualifications and supervision, and
- b. training materials concerning adherence to state and federal confidentiality laws;
- 5. Personnel records for each employee that include an application for employment and a record of any disciplinary action taken:
- 6. On-site training curricula or contracts with outside resources capable of meeting employee training needs to include, at a minimum, the following topics:
  - a. professional conduct, ethics and patient confidentiality, and
  - b. informational developments in the field of medical use of marijuana;
- 7. Employee safety and security training materials provided to each employee at the time of his or her initial employment, to include:
  - a. training in the proper use of security measures and controls that have been adopted, and

23

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

24

- b. specific procedural instructions regarding how to respond to an emergency including a robbery or violent incident;
  - 8. A general written security policy to address at a minimum:
    - a. safety and security procedures,
    - b. personal safety, and

- c. crime prevention techniques;
- 9. Training documentation prepared for each employee and statements signed by employees indicating the topics discussed which shall include names and titles of presenters and the date, time and place the employee received said training;
- 10. A written policy regarding the right of the licensed dispensary to refuse service;
- 11. A confidentiality policy to ensure that identifying information of licensed patients is not disclosed or disseminated without authorization from the patient, except as otherwise required by the Commission; and
- 12. Such other policies or procedures as the Commission may require.
- Q. A licensed dispensary shall maintain documentation of the training of an employee for a period of at least six (6) months after termination of the employment of an employee. Employee training documentation shall be made available within twenty-four

- (24) hours of a request by the Commission. The twenty-four-hour period shall exclude holidays and weekends.
  - R. Each dispensary shall maintain a backup of all reports and lists described in this section, off-site and in a secure location. The backup of reports and lists shall be updated each week.
- S. Failure to maintain all reports and lists described in this section shall result in a review of the license held by the dispensary with the potential for revocation of the dispensary license.
- SECTION 10. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 8014 of Title 63, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. Upon certification of election returns favoring passage of State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412, there is hereby created the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission, and all responsibilities held by the Oklahoma Department of Health pursuant to State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412 shall be transferred directly to the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission.
- B. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall be the regulatory office established under State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412, which shall monitor, inspect and audit licensed dispensaries that sell medical marijuana.

1.3

- C. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission may charge a fee not to exceed Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00) for inspections and audits of licensed dispensaries.
  - D. A licensed dispensary shall not hire any person who:
- 1. Has a nonviolent felony conviction in the two (2) years preceding employment;
- 2. Has any other felony conviction in the five (5) years preceding employment; or
- 3. Is on probation, parole or otherwise under the custody and control of the Oklahoma Department of Corrections.
- It shall be the obligation of the licensed dispensary to perform a background check on each applicant prior to employment.
- E. All persons associated with a dispensary shall consent to and undergo a national criminal history record check and an Oklahoma criminal history record check by the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation. Background check documentation shall be submitted annually to the Commission.
- F. All applicable fees associated with the national and statewide criminal history record check shall be paid by the licensed dispensary.
- G. A licensed dispensary facility shall meet the following security requirements:

1.3

2.1

1 1. The physical security controls set forth in Sections 1301.72 2 through 1301.74 of Title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as 3 existing on January 1, 2018; 4 2. All storage and sale of marijuana occurs within a building 5 that: has a complete roof enclosure supported by connecting 6 a. 7 walls that are constructed of solid material extending from the ground to the roof, 8 9 b. is secure against unauthorized entry, 10 c. has a foundation, slab or equivalent base to which the 11 floor is securely attached, 12 has floors, walls and ceilings constructed in such a d. 1.3 manner that they may be adequately cleaned, kept clean 14 and kept in good repair, 15 meets performance standards ensuring that storage and е. 16 processing activities may not be and are not 17 perceptible from outside the structure in terms of: 18 (1) common visual observation, 19 odors, smell, fragrances or other olfactory (2) 20 stimulus, 2.1 (3) light pollution, glare or brightness, 22 adequate ventilation to prevent mold, and (4)23 (5) noise,

Reg. No. 10163 Page 53

provides complete visual screening, and

24

f.

q. is accessible only through one or more lockable doors;

3. Current, detailed plans and elevation drawings of all operational areas involved with medical marijuana that are maintained on the premises of the dispensary facility, including:

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

9

10

11

12

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

- a. all storage areas, ventilation systems and equipment used for storage and sales,
- b. all entrances and exits to the dispensary facility,
- c. all windows, skylights and retractable mechanisms built into the roof,
- d. the location of all required security cameras,
- e. the location of all alarm inputs, detectors and sirens,
- f. all video and alarm system surveillance areas,
- g. all sales areas labeled according to the specific activity occurring within the area,
- h. all restricted and limited access areas identified, and
- i. all areas labeled according to purpose;
- 4. Access to areas where marijuana is stored is limited to authorized personnel and:
  - a. designated by clearly marked signage, and
  - b. locked and accessible only by authorized personnel on a current roster of authorized personnel;

5. Written policies regarding any nonregistered agent who may visit the premises and a log of all visitors to the premises are developed and maintained. The log shall consist of the name of the visitor, purpose of visit, time of arrival and time of departure. Visitors to a dispensary facility shall be attended to by a dispensary facility agent at all times while present on the premises. Contractors conducting repairs, maintenance or other specific duties may be escorted to their worksite and left unaccompanied while completing a job. Dispensary agents shall ensure that the contractor and area under repair are under video surveillance for the duration of the time spent on the premises by the contractor; and

1.3

2.1

- 6. An alarm system is equipped that, upon attempted unauthorized entry, transmits a signal directly to a central protection company for a local or state police agency and a designated dispensary agent. The alarm shall:
  - a. provide coverage for all points of ingress to and egress from the dispensary facility including, without limitation, doorways, windows, loading bays, skylights and retractable roof mechanisms,
  - b. provide coverage of any room with an exterior wall, any room containing a safe and any room used to grow or store medical marijuana,

c. be equipped with a panic drive that upon activation shall not only sound any audible alarm components but shall also notify law enforcement,

- d. have duress and hold-up features to enable a dispensary agent to activate a silent alarm notifying law enforcement of an emergency,
- e. be equipped with failure notification systems to notify dispensary facility and law enforcement of any failure in the alarm system, and
- f. have the ability to remain operational during a power outage.
- H. A licensed dispensary shall take reasonable measures and precautions to ensure the following:
- 1. That all retail sales of medical marijuana shall be done in premises that are in compliance with local ordinances including, but not limited to, zoning, occupancy, licensing and building codes;
- 2. Dispensary staff involved in the handling, transportation, manufacture, testing or packaging of marijuana-derived products must complete general food-handler safety training;
- 3. That any person who, by medical examination or supervisory observation, is shown to have, or appears to have, an illness, open lesion, including a boil, sore or infected wound, or any other abnormal source of microbial contamination for whom there is a reasonable possibility of contact with preparation surfaces for

medical marijuana or marijuana-derived products, shall be excluded from any operations which may be anticipated to result in such contamination until the condition is corrected;

2.1

- 4. That hand-washing facilities are adequate, convenient and furnished with running water at a suitable temperature. Hand-washing facilities shall be located in the facility in medical marijuana and marijuana-derived product preparation areas and where good sanitary practices require employees to wash or sanitize their hands. Hand-washing facilities shall provide effective hand-cleaning and sanitizing preparations and sanitary towel service or suitable drying devices;
- 5. That all persons involved in preparing or handling medical marijuana or marijuana-derived products at the dispensary facility conform to hygienic practices while on duty, including:
  - a. maintaining adequate personal cleanliness,
  - b. washing hands thoroughly in an adequate, hand-washing area before starting work and at any other time when hands may have become soiled or contaminated,
  - c. refraining from preparing or handling medical
    marijuana or marijuana-derived products if the handler
    has or may have an illness, open lesion, including
    boils, sores or infected wounds, or any other abnormal
    source of microbial contamination, until such
    condition is corrected, and

- d. complying with the other requirements of this section;
- 6. That there is sufficient space for placement of equipment and storage of materials as is necessary for the maintenance of sanitary operations for the sale of medical marijuana and marijuanaderived products;

- 7. That litter and waste are properly removed, and the operating systems for waste disposal are maintained in an adequate manner so that they do not constitute a source of contamination in areas where medical marijuana or marijuana-derived products are exposed;
- 8. That there is adequate safety lighting in all areas where medical marijuana or marijuana-derived products are processed or stored, and where equipment or utensils are cleaned;
- 9. That the manufacturer provides adequate screening or other protection against the entry of pests. Rubbish shall be disposed of so as to minimize the development of odor, minimize the potential for the waste becoming an attractant and harborage, or breeding place for pests;
- 10. That buildings, fixtures and other physical facilities where marijuana-derived products are stored are maintained in a sanitary condition;
- 11. That all contact surfaces, including utensils and equipment used for preparation of marijuana-derived products, are cleaned and

1 sanitized as frequently as necessary to protect against 2 contamination;

- 12. That all equipment and utensils used for preparation of marijuana-derived products are designed and of such material and workmanship as to be adequately cleanable, and are properly maintained;
- 13. That only Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) registered sanitizing agents are used in dispensary operations and used in accordance with labeled instructions;
- 14. That toxic cleaning compounds, sanitizing agents and pesticide chemicals shall be identified, held and stored in a manner that protects against contamination of medical marijuana or marijuana-derived products;
- 15. That the water supply is sufficient for the operations intended and is derived from a source that is a regulated water system. Private water supplies shall be from a water source that is capable of providing a safe, potable and adequate supply of water to meet the needs of the dispensary facility;
- 16. That plumbing shall be of adequate size and design, adequately installed and maintained to carry sufficient quantities of water to required locations throughout the facility and properly convey sewage and liquid disposable waste from the facility;
- 17. That there are no cross-connections between the potable water and wastewater lines;

18. That the manufacturer provide its employees with adequate, readily accessible toilet facilities that are maintained in a sanitary condition and good repair;

- 19. That all operations in the receipt, inspection, transport, segregation, preparation, manufacture, packaging and storage of medical marijuana or marijuana-derived products are conducted in accordance with adequate security and sanitation principles;
- 20. That medical marijuana or marijuana-derived products that can support the rapid growth of undesirable microorganisms are stored and transported in a manner that prevents the growth of these microorganisms;
- 21. That storage and transportation of medical marijuana or marijuana-derived products are under conditions that will maintain security and protect medical marijuana or marijuana-derived products against physical, chemical and microbial contamination as well as against deterioration of the medical marijuana or marijuana-derived product and the container; and
- 22. That current material safety data sheets are kept on the premises for all chemicals used including, but not limited to, cleaning compounds, sanitizing agents and pesticides.
- I. Any and all detailed plans, elevation drawings and written policies shall be provided to the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission prior to being deemed registered to conduct business in the state of Oklahoma. In addition, the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission may inspect

the premises and business plans and conduct interviews of all applicants prior to being deemed registered to conduct business in the State of Oklahoma.

- J. A dispensary facility shall maintain compliance with applicable city or county building or structure rules, regulations or ordinances and any other applicable state laws or rules regarding buildings or structures.
- 8 SECTION 11. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 9 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 8015 of Title 63, unless there 10 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
  - A. Upon certification of election returns favoring passage of State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412, there is hereby created the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission, and all responsibilities held by the Oklahoma Department of Health pursuant to State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412 shall be transferred directly to the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission.
  - B. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall be the regulatory office established under State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412, which shall receive and review applications for processors of medical marijuana.
- C. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission, with the aid of the Office of Management and Enterprise Services, shall develop a website for processor applications.

D. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall within sixty (60) days of the effective date of this act make available, in an easy-to-find location, an application for a processor license.

- E. The application fee shall be Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00). A method of payment shall be determined by the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission and provided on the website.
- F. Proceeds from the application fees collected for a processor license shall be deposited in a special revenue fund known as the "Oklahoma Cannabis Commission Fund" with the State Treasurer.
- G. An applicant for a processor license, if an individual, must be a resident of Oklahoma for at least three (3) years prior to the date of application.
- H. An applicant for a processor license, if an entity, must be owned by a resident of the State of Oklahoma and shall be registered to do business in Oklahoma; provided, however, an applying entity may show ownership of non-Oklahoma residents but that percentage of ownership shall not exceed twenty-five percent (25%).
- I. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall review the processor application, approve or reject the application, and mail the approval, rejection or status-update letter to the applicant within fourteen (14) days of receipt of the application.
- 1. Approved applicants shall be issued a processor license which shall act as proof of their approved status.

2. Rejection letters shall provide a reason for rejection.

Applications may only be rejected based on the applicant not meeting the standards set forth in this section or improper completion of the application.

- 3. Status-update letters shall provide a reason for delay in either approval or rejection should a situation arise in which an application was submitted properly, but a delay in processing the application occurred.
- J. Approval, rejection or status-update letters shall be sent to the applicant in the same method the application was submitted to the Commission.
- K. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall approve all applications which meet the following minimum criteria:
  - 1. The applicant is twenty-five (25) years of age or older;
- 2. The applicant, applying as an individual, can show three (3) consecutive years of residency in the State of Oklahoma immediately preceding the submission date of the application;
- 3. The entity applying for a license shows ownership of persons who have not lived in Oklahoma for three (3) consecutive years preceding the submission date of the application but that percentage of ownership does not exceed twenty-five percent (25%);
- 4. The individuals or entities applying for the license are registered to conduct business in the State of Oklahoma; and
  - 5. The applicants have disclosed all ownership.

Applicants, including all owners of the entity, who have a nonviolent felony conviction in the two (2) years preceding the application submission deadline, have any other felony conviction in the five (5) years preceding the application submission deadline, or who are inmates or are currently incarcerated in a penal institution may not qualify for or have an interest in a processor license for medical marijuana.

SECTION 12. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 8016 of Title 63, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

- A. Upon certification of election returns favoring passage of State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412, there is hereby created the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission, and all responsibilities held by the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission pursuant to State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412 shall be transferred directly to the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission.
- B. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall be the regulatory office established under State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412, which shall monitor, inspect and audit processors of medical marijuana.
- C. A licensed processor may take marijuana plants and distill or process these plants into concentrates, edibles and other forms for consumption pursuant to Oklahoma Cannabis Commission standards.

D. As required by the provisions of this section, the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall, within ninety (90) days of passage of State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412, make available a set of standards which shall be used by processors in the preparation of edible marijuana products. Such standards shall be consistent with current food preparation guidelines. No excessive or punitive rules may be established by the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission.

- E. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission may inspect a processing operation once every year to determine its compliance with the preparation standards. If deficiencies are found, a written report of deficiency shall be issued to the processor. The processor shall have one (1) month to correct the deficiency or be subject to a fine of Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) for each deficiency.
- F. A licensed processor may only sell marijuana to an Oklahoma-licensed dispensary, Oklahoma-licensed packager, or other Oklahoma-licensed processor. These sales shall be considered wholesale sales and not subject to taxation. A processor may only purchase and use marijuana that has been grown in Oklahoma from a licensed commercial grower or other licensed processor.
- G. A processor shall not sell marijuana or any marijuana product directly to a medical marijuana license holder; provided, however, a processor may process cannabis into a concentrated form for a medical marijuana license holder for a fee.

H. A licensed processor shall complete a monthly yield and sales report and deliver the report to the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission. The report is due on the 15th of each month. The report shall detail the following:

- 1. Amount of marijuana purchased in pounds;
- 2. The amount of marijuana cooked or processed in pounds;
- 3. The amount of waste in pounds; and
- 4. Total wholesale sales in dollars.

- I. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall have oversight and auditing responsibilities to ensure that all marijuana being processed is accounted for.
- J. Penalties for gross discrepancies occurring within any two-year time period shall be an initial fine of Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) for the first violation and revocation of licensing for the second violation in a two-year period.
- 1. A licensed processor shall only be subject to a penalty if a gross discrepancy exists and cannot be explained.
- 2. Proceeds from penalties collected shall be deposited in a special revenue fund known as the "Oklahoma Cannabis Commission Fund" with the State Treasurer.
- K. Processors are required to keep an updated list of all their buyers on-site for a minimum of five (5) years in their system.
- L. Each processor shall contract with an independent laboratory to test the medical marijuana purchased and every product sold. The

Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall approve the laboratory and require that the laboratory report testing results in a manner determined by the Commission.

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- M. Each processor shall develop, implement and maintain on its premises policies and procedures relating to the medical marijuana program which shall, at a minimum, include the following:
- 1. Testing criteria and procedures which shall be consistent with the testing requirements of the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission;
  - 2. Alcohol- and drug-free workplace policies and procedures;
- 3. Employee policies and procedures to address the following requirements:
  - every employee that identify duties, authority, responsibilities, qualifications and supervision, and
  - b. training materials concerning adherence to state and federal confidentiality laws;
- 4. Personnel records for each employee that include an application for employment and a record of any disciplinary action taken;
- 5. On-site training curricula or contracts with outside resources capable of meeting employee training needs to include, at a minimum, the following topics:
  - a. professional conduct, ethics and patient confidentiality, and

b. informational developments in the field of medical use of marijuana;

- 6. Employee safety and security training materials provided to each employee at the time of his or her initial employment, to include:
  - a. training in the proper use of security measures and controls that have been adopted, and
  - b. specific procedural instructions regarding how to respond to an emergency, including a robbery or violent incident;
  - 7. A general written security policy to address at a minimum:
    - a. safety and security procedures,
    - b. personal safety, and

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- c. crime prevention techniques;
- 8. Training documentation prepared for each employee and statements signed by employees indicating the topics discussed which shall include names and titles of presenters and the date, time and place the employee received said training;
- 9. A written policy regarding the right of the processor to refuse service;
- 10. A confidentiality policy to ensure that identifying information of licensed patients is not disclosed or disseminated without authorization from the patient, except as otherwise required by the Commission; and

11. Such other policies or procedures as the Commission may require.

- N. A processor shall maintain documentation of any training of an employee for a period of at least six (6) months after terminating the employment of an employee. Employee training documentation shall be made available within twenty-four (24) hours of the request by the Commission. The twenty-four-hour period shall exclude holidays and weekends.
- O. Each processor shall maintain a backup of all reports and lists described in this section, off-site and in a secure location. The backup of reports and lists shall be updated each week.
- P. Failure to maintain all reports and lists described in this section shall result in a review of the license held by the processor with the potential for revocation of the medical marijuana processor license.
- SECTION 13. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 8017 of Title 63, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. Upon certification of election returns favoring passage of State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412, there is hereby created the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission, and all responsibilities held by the Oklahoma Department of Health pursuant to State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412 shall be transferred directly to the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission.

- B. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall be the regulatory office established under State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412, which will monitor, inspect and audit medical marijuana processors.
- C. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission may charge a fee not to exceed Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for inspections and audits of processors of medical marijuana and processor applicants.
  - D. A processor shall not hire any person who:

1.3

- 1. Has a nonviolent felony conviction in the two (2) years preceding employment;
- 2. Has any other felony conviction in the five (5) years preceding employment; or
- 3. Is on probation, parole or who is otherwise under the custody and control of the Oklahoma Department of Corrections.

  It shall be the obligation of the processor to perform a background check on each applicant prior to employment.
- E. All persons associated with a processor shall consent to and undergo a national criminal history record check and an Oklahoma criminal history record check by the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation. Background check documentation shall be submitted annually to the Commission.
- F. All applicable fees associated with the national and statewide criminal history record check shall be paid by the processor.

1 G. A processor facility shall meet the following security 2 requirements: The physical security controls set forth in Sections 1301.72 3 through 1301.74 of Title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as 4 5 existing on January 1, 2018; 6 2. All storage and sale of marijuana occurs within a building 7 that: has a complete roof enclosure supported by connecting 8 9 walls that are constructed of solid material extending 10 from the ground to the roof, 11 b. is secure against unauthorized entry, has a foundation, slab or equivalent base to which the 12 C. 1.3 floor is securely attached, 14 d. has floors, walls and ceilings constructed in such a 15 manner that they may be adequately cleaned, kept clean 16 and kept in good repair, 17 meets performance standards ensuring that storage and е. 18 processing activities cannot be and are not 19 perceptible from outside the structure in terms of: 20 (1) common visual observation, 2.1 (2) odors, smell, fragrances or other olfactory 22 stimulus,

Reg. No. 10163 Page 71

light pollution, glare or brightness,

adequate ventilation to prevent mold, and

23

24

(3)

(4)

1 (5) noise, 2 provides complete visual screening, and is accessible only through one or more lockable doors; 3 4 3. Current detailed plans and elevation drawings of all 5 operational areas involved with medical marijuana are maintained on 6 the premises of the processor facility, including: 7 all storage areas, ventilation systems and equipment a. used for production, 8 9 b. all entrances and exits to the processor facility, 10 C. all windows, skylights and retractable mechanisms 11 built into the roof, 12 the location of all required security cameras, d. 1.3 the location of all alarm inputs, detectors and e. 14 sirens, 15 f. all video and alarm system surveillance areas, 16 all sales areas labeled according to the specific g. 17 activity occurring within the area, 18 h. all restricted and limited access areas identified, 19 and 20 i. all areas labeled according to purpose; 21 Access to areas where marijuana is stored is limited to 22 authorized personnel and:

Req. No. 10163 Page 72

designated by clearly marked signage, and

23

24

a.

b. locked and accessible only by authorized personnel on a current roster of authorized personnel;

2.1

- 5. Written policies regarding any nonregistered agent who may visit the premises and a log of all visitors to the premises are developed and maintained. The log shall consist of the name of the visitor, purpose of visit, time of arrival and time of departure. Visitors to a processor facility shall be attended to by a processor facility agent at all times while present on the premises. Contractors conducting repairs, maintenance or other specific duties may be escorted to their worksite and left unaccompanied while completing a job. Processor agents shall ensure that the contractor and area under repair are under video surveillance for the duration of the time spent on the premises by the contractor; and
- 6. An alarm system is equipped that, upon attempted unauthorized entry, transmits a signal directly to a central protection company for a local or state police agency and a designated processor agent. The alarm shall:
  - a. provide coverage for all points of ingress to and egress from the processor facility including, without limitation, doorways, windows, loading bays, skylights and retractable roof mechanisms,
  - b. provide coverage of any room with an exterior wall, any room containing a safe and any room used to grow or store medical marijuana,

c. be equipped with a panic drive that upon activation will not only sound any audible alarm components but will also notify law enforcement,

- d. have duress and hold-up features to enable a processor agent to activate a silent alarm notifying law enforcement of an emergency,
- e. be equipped with failure notification systems to notify the processor facility and law enforcement of any failure in the alarm system, and
- f. have the ability to remain operational during a power outage.
- H. A processor shall take reasonable measures and precautions to ensure the following:
- 1. That all manufacturing shall be done in premises that are in compliance with local ordinances including, but not limited to, zoning, occupancy, licensing and building codes;
- 2. That the manufacturing operation and all equipment, implements and fixtures shall be used exclusively for the production of marijuana-derived products. Food processing for personnel, staff, or the general public shall be prohibited;
- 3. Producer and manufacturer staff involved in the handling, transportation, manufacture, testing or packaging of marijuanaderived products must complete general food-handler safety training;

4. That any person who, by medical examination or supervisory observation, is shown to have or appears to have, an illness, open lesion, including a boil, sore, or infected wound, or any other abnormal source of microbial contamination for whom there is a reasonable possibility of contact with preparation surfaces for medical marijuana or marijuana-derived products, shall be excluded from any operations which may be anticipated to result in such contamination until the condition is corrected;

2.1

- 5. That hand-washing facilities are adequate, convenient and furnished with running water at a suitable temperature. Hand-washing facilities shall be located in the facility in medical marijuana and marijuana-derived product preparation areas and where good sanitary practices require employees to wash or sanitize their hands. Hand-washing facilities shall provide effective hand-cleaning and sanitizing preparations and sanitary towel service or suitable drying devices;
- 6. That all persons involved in preparing or handling medical marijuana or marijuana-derived products at the manufacturing operation conform to hygienic practices while on duty, including:
  - a. maintaining adequate personal cleanliness,
  - b. washing hands thoroughly in an adequate hand-washing area before starting work and at any other time when the hands may have become soiled or contaminated,

c. refraining from preparing or handling medical
marijuana or marijuana-derived products if the handler
has or may have an illness, open lesion, including
boils, sores or infected wounds or any other abnormal
source of microbial contamination until such condition
is corrected, and

- d. complying with the other requirements of this section;
- 7. That there is sufficient space for placement of equipment and storage of materials as is necessary for the maintenance of sanitary operations for production of medical marijuana and marijuana-derived products;

- 8. That litter and waste are properly removed. Operating systems for waste disposal shall be maintained in an adequate manner so that they do not constitute a source of contamination in areas where medical marijuana or marijuana-derived products are exposed;
- 9. That there is adequate safety lighting in all areas where medical marijuana or marijuana-derived products are processed or stored, and where equipment or utensils are cleaned;
- 10. That the manufacturer provides adequate screening or other protection against the entry of pests. Rubbish shall be disposed of so as to minimize the development of odor, minimize the potential for the waste becoming an attractant and harborage, or breeding place for pests;

11. That building, fixtures and other physical facilities where marijuana-derived products are manufactured are maintained in a sanitary condition;

- 12. That all contact surfaces, including utensils and equipment used for preparation of marijuana-derived products, are cleaned and sanitized as frequently as necessary to protect against contamination;
- 13. That all equipment and utensils used for preparation of marijuana-derived products are designed and of such material and workmanship as to be adequately cleanable and are properly maintained;
- 14. That only Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) registered sanitizing agents are used in manufacturing operations and are used in accordance with labeled instructions;
- 15. That toxic cleaning compounds, sanitizing agents and pesticide chemicals shall be identified, held and stored in a manner that protects against contamination of medical marijuana or marijuana-derived products;
- 16. That the water supply is sufficient for the operations intended and is derived from a source that is a regulated water system. Private water supplies shall be from a water source that is capable of providing a safe, potable and adequate supply of water to meet the needs of the manufacturing facility;

17. That plumbing shall be of adequate size and design, adequately installed and maintained to carry sufficient quantities of water to required locations throughout the facility. The plumbing shall properly convey sewage and liquid disposable waste from the facility;

- 18. That there are no cross-connections between the potable and wastewater lines;
- 19. That the manufacturer provides its employees with adequate, readily accessible toilet facilities that are maintained in a sanitary condition and good repair;
- 20. That all operations in the receipt, inspection, transport, segregation, preparation, manufacture, packaging and storage of medical marijuana or marijuana-derived products are conducted in accordance with adequate security and sanitation principles;
- 21. That medical marijuana or marijuana-derived products that can support the rapid growth of undesirable microorganisms are stored and transported in a manner that prevents the growth of these microorganisms;
- 22. That storage and transportation of medical marijuana or marijuana-derived products are under conditions that will maintain security and protect medical marijuana or marijuana-derived products against physical, chemical and microbial contamination as well as against deterioration of the medical marijuana or marijuana-derived product and the container;

23. That current material safety data sheets are kept on the premises for all chemicals used including, but not limited to, cleaning compounds, sanitizing agents and pesticides; and

- 24. That extraction for the purpose of manufacturing concentrates is conducted in a closed system utilizing an oil extractor solvent such as N-butane or carbon dioxide or utilizing ethyl alcohol.
- I. Inspection by the local fire marshal for the storage and use of any hazardous chemicals shall be required prior to processing medical marijuana.
- J. The use of dimethylsulfoxide (DMSO) in the production of marijuana-derived products and the possession of DMSO upon the premises of a manufacturer is prohibited.
- K. Any and all detailed plans, elevation drawings and written policies shall be provided to the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission prior to being deemed registered to conduct business in the State of Oklahoma. In addition, the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission may inspect the premises, business plans, and conduct interviews of all applicants prior to being deemed registered to conduct business in the State of Oklahoma.
- L. The monthly visitors log and any changes to the detailed plans, elevation drawings and written policies shall be reported to the Commission along with the monthly yield and sales report on the 15th of each month.

M. A processing facility shall maintain compliance with applicable city or county building or structure rules, regulations or ordinances and any other applicable state laws or rules regarding buildings or structures.

- SECTION 14. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 8018 of Title 63, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. Upon certification of election returns favoring passage of State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412, there is hereby created the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission, and all responsibilities held by the Oklahoma Department of Health pursuant to State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412 shall be transferred directly to the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission.
- B. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall be the regulatory office established under State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412, which will receive and review applications for commercial growers of medical marijuana.
- C. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission, with the aid of the Office of Management and Enterprise Services, shall develop a website for commercial grower applications.
- D. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall, within sixty (60) days of the effective date of this act, make available in an easy-to-find location, an application for a commercial grower license.

E. The application fee shall be Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00). The method of payment shall be determined by the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission and provided on the website.

- F. Proceeds from the application fees collected for a commercial grower license shall be deposited in a special revenue fund known as the "Oklahoma Cannabis Commission Fund" with the State Treasurer.
- G. A commercial grower applicant, if an individual, shall be a resident of the State of Oklahoma for at least three (3) years prior to the date of the application.
- H. A commercial grower applicant, if an entity, shall be owned by a resident of the State of Oklahoma and shall be registered to do business in Oklahoma; provided, however, an entity applying for a commercial grower license may show ownership of non-Oklahoma residents but that percentage of ownership shall not exceed twenty-five percent (25%).
- I. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall review the commercial grower application, approve or reject the application and mail the approval, rejection or status-update letter to the applicant within fourteen (14) days of receipt of the application.
- 1. Approved applicants shall be issued a commercial growers license which shall act as proof of their approved status.
- 2. Rejection letters shall provide a reason for the rejection.

  Applications may only be rejected based on the applicant not meeting

1 the standards set forth in the provisions of this section or
2 improper completion of the application.

- 3. Status-update letters shall provide a reason for delay in either approval or rejection should a situation arise in which an application was submitted properly, but a delay in processing the application occurred.
- J. Approval, rejection or status-update letters shall be sent to the applicant in the same method the application was submitted to the Commission.
- K. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall approve all applications which meet the following minimum criteria:
  - 1. The applicant is twenty-five (25) years of age or older;
- 2. The applicant, applying as an individual, can show three (3) consecutive years of residency in the State of Oklahoma immediately preceding the submission date of the application;
- 3. The entity applying for a license shows ownership of persons who have not lived in Oklahoma for three (3) consecutive years preceding the submission date of the application but that percentage of ownership does not exceed twenty-five percent (25%);
- 4. The individuals or entities applying for the license are registered to conduct business in the State of Oklahoma; and
- Applicants, including all owners of the entity, who have a nonviolent felony conviction in the two (2) years preceding the

The applicants have disclosed all ownership.

- application submission deadline, have any other felony conviction in the five (5) years preceding the application submission deadline, or who are inmates or are currently incarcerated in a penal institution may not qualify for or have an interest in a commercial grower
- SECTION 15. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 8019 of Title 63, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

15

16

17

18

license for medical marijuana.

- A. Upon certification of election returns favoring passage of
  State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412, there is hereby
  created the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission, and all responsibilities
  held by the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission pursuant to State Question
  No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412 shall be transferred directly
  to the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission.
  - B. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall be the regulatory office established under State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412, which shall monitor, inspect and audit commercial growers of medical marijuana.
- C. A licensed commercial grower may only sell marijuana to an Oklahoma-licensed dispensary, Oklahoma-licensed packager, other Oklahoma-licensed commercial grower or Oklahoma-licensed processor.

  These sales shall be considered wholesale sales and not subject to taxation. A commercial grower may only sell marijuana that has been grown in Oklahoma.

- D. A licensed commercial grower shall not sell marijuana directly to a medical marijuana license holder.
- E. A licensed commercial grower shall not sell marijuana wholesale to an out-of-state wholesale provider. In the event the federal government lifts restrictions on buying and selling marijuana between states, a licensed commercial grower shall be allowed to sell marijuana wholesale to an out-of-state wholesale provider.
- F. Until July 1, 2019, a licensed commercial grower shall not be prosecuted in the courts of this state for the importation of seeds, cuttings and clones to begin growing marijuana. Importation may only be from another state which has legalized medical marijuana and implemented a monitoring system.
- G. All imported seeds, cuttings and clones shall be documented by the licensed commercial grower. Such documents shall include but not be limited to:
- 17 1. The name of the state the seeds, cuttings or clones were purchased from;
- 20 clones;
  - 3. The batch number;

2

3

5

6

7

10

11

12

13

2.1

24

- 22 4. The name of the strain; and
- 5. Any additional information as required by the Commission.

- H. A licensed commercial grower shall complete a monthly yield and sales report to the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission. The report shall be due on the 15th of each month. The report shall detail the following:
  - 1. Amount of marijuana harvested in pounds;
  - 2. The amount of drying or dried marijuana on hand;
    - 3. The amount of marijuana sold to processors in pounds;
    - 4. The amount of waste in pounds;

2

3

4

5

6

7

10

11

12

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- 5. The amount of marijuana sold to retailers in pounds; and
- 6. Total wholesale sales in dollars.
- I. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall have oversight and auditing responsibilities to ensure that all marijuana being grown is accounted for.
- J. Penalties for gross discrepancies occurring within any twoyear time period shall be an initial fine of Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) for the first violation and revocation of licensing for the second violation in a two-year period.
- 1. A licensed commercial grower shall only be subject to a penalty if a gross discrepancy exists and cannot be explained.
- 2. Proceeds from penalties collected shall be deposited in a special revenue fund known as "Oklahoma Cannabis Commission Fund" with the State Treasurer.
- K. There shall be no limits on the quantity of marijuana a licensed grower may grow, but each batch shall be documented.

L. Commercial growers shall be required to keep an updated list of their buyers on-site for a minimum of five (5) years, in their system.

- M. Each commercial grower shall contract with an independent laboratory to test the medical marijuana sold by the dispensary.

  The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall approve the laboratory and require that the laboratory report testing results in a manner determined by the Commission.
- N. Each commercial grower shall develop, implement and maintain on its premises policies and procedures relating to the medical marijuana program, which shall at a minimum include the following:
- 1. Distribution criteria for licensed patients or primary caregivers appropriate for marijuana services to include clear, legible photocopies of the registry identification card and Oklahoma photo identification card of every licensed patient or primary caregiver served by the private entity;
- 2. Testing criteria and procedures, which shall be consistent with the testing requirements of the Cannabis Commission;
  - 3. Alcohol- and drug-free workplace policies and procedures;
- 4. Employee policies and procedures to address the following requirements:
  - a. job descriptions or employment contracts developed for every employee that identify duties, authority, responsibilities, qualifications and supervision, and

1 b. training materials concerning adherence to state and 2 federal confidentiality laws; Personnel records for each employee that include an 3 5. application for employment and a record of any disciplinary action 4 5 taken; 6 6. On-site training curricula or contracts with outside 7 resources capable of meeting employee training needs to include, at a minimum, the following topics: 8 9 a. professional conduct, ethics and patient 10 confidentiality, and informational developments in the field of medical use 11 b. 12 of marijuana; 1.3 7. Employee safety and security training materials provided to 14 each employee at the time of his or her initial employment, to 15 include: 16 a. training in the proper use of security measures and 17 controls that have been adopted, and 18 specific procedural instructions regarding how to b. 19 respond to an emergency, including a robbery or 20 violent incident; 21 A general written security policy to address at a minimum: 22 safety and security procedures, a.

Reg. No. 10163 Page 87

personal safety, and

crime prevention techniques;

23

24

b.

C.

9. Training documentation prepared for each employee and statements signed by employees indicating the topics discussed which shall include names and titles of presenters and the date, time and place the employee received said training;

1.3

- 10. A written policy regarding the right of the commercial grower to refuse service;
- 11. A confidentiality policy to ensure that identifying information of licensed patients is not disclosed or disseminated without authorization from the patient, except as otherwise required by the Commission; and
- 12. Such other policies or procedures as the Commission may require.
- O. A commercial grower shall maintain documentation of the training of an employee for a period of at least six (6) months after terminating the employment of the employee. Employee training documentation shall be made available within twenty-four (24) hours of a request by the Commission. The twenty-four-hour period shall exclude holidays and weekends.
- P. Each commercial grower shall maintain a backup of all reports and lists described in this section, off-site and in a secure facility. This backup shall be updated each week.
- Q. Failure to maintain all reports and lists described in this section shall result in review of the license of the commercial

- grower with the potential revocation of the commercial grower 1
- license.

16

17

18

19

24

- A new section of law to be codified 3 SECTION 16. NEW LAW in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 8020 of Title 63, unless there
- 5 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

to the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission.

of medical marijuana.

- 6 Upon certification of election returns favoring passage of 7 State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412, there is hereby created the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission, and all responsibilities 8 held by the Oklahoma Department of Health pursuant to State Question 10 No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412 shall be transferred directly
- 12 The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall be the regulatory 13 office established under State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition 14 No. 412, which shall monitor, inspect and audit commercial growers 15
  - C. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission may charge a fee not to exceed Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for inspections and audits of commercial growers of medical marijuana.
    - D. A commercial grower shall not hire any person who:
- 20 Has a nonviolent felony conviction in the two (2) years 21 preceding employment;
- 22 2. Has any other felony conviction in the five (5) years 23 preceding employment; or

Page 89 Req. No. 10163

3. Is on probation, parole or otherwise under the custody and control of the Oklahoma Department of Corrections.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

It shall be the obligation of the commercial grower to perform a background check on each applicant prior to employment.

- E. All persons associated with a commercial grower shall consent to and undergo a national criminal history record check and an Oklahoma criminal history record check by the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation. Background check documentation shall be submitted annually to the Commission.
- F. All applicable fees associated with the national and statewide criminal history record check shall be paid by the commercial grower.
- G. A commercial grower facility shall meet the following security requirements:
- 1. The physical security controls set forth in Sections 1301.72 through 1301.74 of Title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as existing on January 1, 2018;
- 2. All storage and sale of marijuana occurs within a building that:
  - a. has a complete roof enclosure supported by connecting walls that are constructed of solid material extending from the ground to the roof,
  - b. is secure against unauthorized entry,

1 has a foundation, slab or equivalent base to which the 2 floor is securely attached, 3 d. meets performance standards ensuring that storage and 4 processing activities cannot be and are not 5 perceptible from outside the structure in terms of: (1) common visual observation, 6 7 odors, smell, fragrances or other olfactory (2) stimulus, 8 9 (3) light pollution, glare or brightness, 10 (4)adequate ventilation to prevent mold, and 11 (5) noise, 12 provides complete visual screening, and 1.3 f. is accessible only through one or more lockable doors; 14 Current detailed plans and elevation drawings of all 15 operational areas involved with medical marijuana are maintained on 16 the premises of the commercial grower facility, including: 17 all storage areas, ventilation systems and equipment a. 18 used for growing, 19 b. all entrances and exits to the commercial grower 20 facility, 2.1 C. all windows, skylights and retractable mechanisms 22 built into the roof, 23 d. the location of all required security cameras,

Reg. No. 10163 Page 91

24

e. the location of all alarm inputs, detectors and sirens,

1.3

- f. all video and alarm system surveillance areas,
- g. all sales areas labeled according to the specific activity occurring within the area,
- h. all restricted and limited access areas identified, and
- i. all nongrowing areas labeled according to purpose;
- 4. Access to areas where marijuana is stored is limited to authorized personnel and:
  - a. designated by clearly marked signage, and
  - b. locked and accessible only by authorized personnel on a current roster of authorized personnel;
- 5. Written policies regarding any nonregistered agent who may visit the premises and a log of all visitors to the premises are developed and maintained. The log shall consist of the name of the visitor, purpose of visit, time of arrival and time of departure. Visitors to a commercial grower facility shall be attended to by a commercial grower facility agent at all times while present on the premises. Contractors conducting repairs, maintenance or other specific duties may be escorted to their worksite and left unaccompanied while completing a job. Commercial grower agents shall ensure that the contractor and area under repair are under

video surveillance for the duration of the time spent on the premises by the contractor;

1

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

- 6. An alarm system is equipped that, upon attempted unauthorized entry, transmits a signal directly to a central protection company for a local or state police agency and a designated commercial grower agent. The alarm shall:
  - a. provide coverage for all points of ingress to and egress from the commercial grower facility including, without limitation, doorways, windows, loading bays, skylights and retractable roof mechanisms,
  - b. provide coverage of any room with an exterior wall, any room containing a safe and any room used to grow or store medical marijuana,
  - c. be equipped with a panic drive that upon activation shall not only sound any audible alarm components but shall also notify law enforcement,
  - d. have duress and hold-up features to enable a commercial grower agent to activate a silent alarm notifying law enforcement of an emergency,
  - e. be equipped with failure notification systems to notify the commercial grower facility and law enforcement of any failure in the alarm system, and
  - f. have the ability to remain operational during a power outage; and

7. An accounting for all plants grown, including but not limited to:

- a. species,
- b. strains,
- c. whether it is a male or female plant,
- d. size,

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- e. yield,
  - f. lineage,
  - g. batch number, and
  - h. any unique characteristics.
- H. A commercial grower shall take reasonable measures and precautions to ensure the following:
- 1. That all retail sales are done in premises that are in compliance with local ordinances including, but not limited to, zoning, occupancy, licensing and building codes;
- 2. That commercial grower staff involved in the handling, transportation, manufacture, testing or packaging of marijuana have completed general safety training;
- 3. That any person who, by medical examination or supervisory observation, is shown to have or appears to have, an illness, open lesion, including a boil, sore, or infected wound, or any other abnormal source of microbial contamination for whom there is a reasonable possibility of contact with preparation surfaces for medical marijuana, shall be excluded from any operations which may

be anticipated to result in such contamination until the condition is corrected;

2.1

- 4. That hand-washing facilities are adequate, convenient and furnished with running water at a suitable temperature. Hand-washing facilities shall be located in the facility in medical marijuana and marijuana-derived product preparation areas and where good sanitary practices require employees to wash or sanitize their hands. Hand-washing facilities shall provide effective hand-cleaning and sanitizing preparations and sanitary towel service or suitable drying devices;
- 5. That all persons involved in preparing or handling medical marijuana at the commercial growing operation conform to hygienic practices while on duty, including:
  - a. maintaining adequate personal cleanliness,
  - b. washing hands thoroughly in an adequate hand-washing area before starting work and at any other time when the hands may have become soiled or contaminated,
  - c. refraining from preparing or handling medical
    marijuana if the handler has or may have an illness,
    open lesion, including boils, sores or infected
    wounds, or any other abnormal source of microbial
    contamination, until such condition is corrected, and
  - d. complying with the other requirements of this section;

6. That there is sufficient space for placement of equipment and storage of materials as is necessary for the maintenance of sanitary operations for growing medical marijuana;

- 7. That litter and waste are properly removed and the operating systems for waste disposal are maintained in an adequate manner so that they do not constitute a source of contamination in areas where medical marijuana is exposed;
- 8. That there is adequate safety lighting in all areas where medical marijuana is processed or stored and where equipment or utensils are cleaned;
- 9. That the commercial grower provides adequate screening or other protection against the entry of pests. Rubbish shall be disposed of so as to minimize the development of odor, minimize the potential for the waste becoming an attractant and harborage or breeding place for pests;
- 10. That buildings, fixtures and other physical facilities where marijuana is stored are maintained in a sanitary condition;
- 11. That all contact surfaces, including utensils and equipment used for preparation of marijuana, are cleaned and sanitized as frequently as necessary to protect against contamination;
- 12. That all equipment and utensils used for preparation of marijuana are designed and of such material and workmanship as to be adequately cleanable and are properly maintained;

13. That only Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) registered sanitizing agents are used in commercial growing operations and that they are used in accordance with labeled instructions;

- 14. That toxic cleaning compounds, sanitizing agents and pesticide chemicals shall be identified, held and stored in a manner that protects against contamination of medical marijuana;
- 15. That the water supply is sufficient for the operations intended and is derived from a source that is a regulated water system. Private water supplies shall be from a water source that is capable of providing a safe, potable and adequate supply of water to meet the needs of the commercial growing facility;
- 16. That plumbing shall be of adequate size and design, adequately installed and maintained to carry sufficient quantities of water to required locations throughout the facility. The plumbing shall properly convey sewage and liquid disposable waste from the facility;
- 17. That there are no cross-connections between the potable and wastewater lines;
- 18. That the commercial grower provide its employees with adequate, readily accessible toilet facilities that are maintained in a sanitary condition and good repair;
- 19. That all operations in the receipt, inspection, transport, segregation, preparation, manufacture, packaging and storage of

medical marijuana are conducted in accordance with adequate security and sanitation principles;

- 20. That medical marijuana that can support the rapid growth of undesirable microorganisms are stored and transported in a manner that prevents the growth of these microorganisms;
- 21. That storage and transportation of medical marijuana are under conditions that will maintain security and protect medical marijuana against physical, chemical and microbial contamination as well as against deterioration of the medical marijuana or marijuanaderived product and the container; and
- 22. That current material safety data sheets are kept on the premises for all chemicals used including, but not limited to, cleaning compounds, sanitizing agents and pesticides.
- I. Any and all detailed plans, elevation drawings and written policies shall be provided to the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission prior to being deemed registered to conduct business in the state of Oklahoma. In addition, the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission may inspect the premises and business plans, and conduct interviews of all applicants prior to being deemed registered to conduct business in the State of Oklahoma.
- J. The monthly visitors log and any changes to the detailed plans, elevation drawings and written policies shall be reported to the Commission along with the monthly yield and sales report on the 15th of each month.

K. A commercial grower facility shall maintain compliance with applicable city or county building or structure rules, regulations or ordinances and any other applicable state laws or rules regarding buildings or structures.

SECTION 17. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 8021 of Title 63, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

- A. This section shall only go into effect upon certification of election returns favoring passage of State Question No. 788,
  Initiative Petition No. 412.
- B. A dispensary, commercial grower or processor licensed in Oklahoma shall not sell or otherwise distribute a usable marijuana product that has not been tested in accordance with this section.
- C. A dispensary, commercial grower or processor licensed in Oklahoma shall sample and test dried usable marijuana and concentrated marijuana-derived products for microbiological contaminants, using an approved laboratory. A dried marijuana sample may be deemed to have passed the microbiological test if it satisfies the standards set forth in Section 2023 of the United States Pharmacopeia which provides the microbiological attributes of nonsterile nutritional and dietary supplements.
- D. A dispensary, commercial grower or processor licensed in Oklahoma shall sample and test dried usable marijuana and

concentrated marijuana-derived products for mycotoxins, using an approved laboratory.

- E. A dispensary, commercial grower or processor licensed in Oklahoma shall sample and test all concentrated marijuana-derived products that are manufactured using solvent extraction methods for the presence of solvent residue, using an approved laboratory. A dispensary, commercial grower or processor shall determine on the basis of the solvent residue test results whether the quantity of solvent residue contained within a concentrated marijuana-derived product poses a health risk to consumers. A dispensary, commercial grower or processor shall not sell or distribute a concentrated marijuana-derived product from a batch that is found to contain a quantity of solvent residue that is likely to be harmful to human health.
- F. A dispensary, commercial grower or processor licensed in Oklahoma shall sample and test all dried usable marijuana and concentrated marijuana-derived products for quantity of tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) and cannabidiol (CBD), using an approved laboratory prior to sale, distribution or other use.
- G. The Commission may require additional testing of marijuana and marijuana-derived products by dispensaries, commercial growers or processors, as it deems appropriate.
- H. A dispensary, commercial grower or processor licensed in Oklahoma may release an entire batch of dried marijuana or

- concentrated marijuana-derived product for immediate manufacture,

  sale or other use, provided the sample taken from the batch passes

  the tests required in this section.
  - I. A dispensary, commercial grower or processor licensed in Oklahoma shall ensure that the following testing procedures are followed:

- 1. A dispensary, commercial grower or processor shall remove a sample of no less than three (3) grams from every batch of harvested, dried, usable marijuana, and no less than one (1) gram from every batch of concentrated marijuana-derived product, and transfer the sample to an approved laboratory for testing. The remainder of the batch of dried, usable marijuana or concentrated marijuana-derived product shall be segregated until the dispensary, commercial grower or processor receives the results of laboratory testing report and determines whether the batch meets the testing requirements of this section;
- 2. A dispensary, commercial grower or processor shall appropriately document the sampling and testing of all dried marijuana and concentrated marijuana-derived product, and shall utilize a Commission-approved laboratory for the purpose of testing usable marijuana;
- 3. If a sample does not pass testing, the producer shall determine whether remediation is appropriate and test another sample from the batch at issue, or identify processes that will render the

dried marijuana or marijuana-derived product safe and retest in accordance with the requirements of this section;

- 4. If the batch cannot be remediated to where it meets the testing requirements of this section, the dispensary, commercial grower or processor shall notify the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission within twenty-four (24) hours, and confirm the destruction and disposal of the dried marijuana or concentrated marijuana-derived product;
- 5. A dispensary, commercial grower or processor shall adopt and maintain on the premises protocols regarding sampling, sample testing, remediation and retesting, consistent with the provisions of this section;
- 6. A dispensary, commercial grower or processor shall maintain all results of laboratory tests conducted on marijuana or marijuanaderived products produced by the dispensary, commercial grower or processor or its contractor for a period of at least five (5) years, and shall make those results available to qualified patients and primary caregivers enrolled in the medical marijuana program upon request; and
- 7. Repeated failure to pass testing may result in the imposition of disciplinary action by the Commission consistent with the provisions of this act.

- 1 SECTION 18. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 8022 of Title 63, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
  - Upon certification of election returns favoring passage of State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412, there is hereby created the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission, and all responsibilities held by the Oklahoma Department of Health pursuant to State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412 shall be transferred directly to the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission.
  - В. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall be the regulatory office established under State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412, which shall receive and review applications for medical marijuana testing laboratories.
  - C. A laboratory applicant shall comply with the application requirements of this section and shall submit such other information as the laboratory applicant wishes to provide or such information as the Commission may request for initial approval and periodic evaluations during the approval period.
  - D. A laboratory may apply to become approved by the Commission as an approved laboratory for the testing of marijuana and marijuana-derived products in all or any one of the following categories:
    - 1. Mycotoxin analysis;

3

4

5

6

7

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

Microbiological contaminant analysis;

3. Solvent residue analysis;

1.3

- 4. Quantity of tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) and cannabidiol (CBD); and
- 5. Such other testing categories as the Commission may identify.
- E. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission, with the aid of the Office of Management and Enterprise Services, shall develop a website for medical marijuana testing laboratory applications.
- F. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall, within sixty (60) days of the effective date of this act, make available on its website in an easy-to-find location, an application for a medical marijuana testing laboratory license.
- G. The application fee shall be Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00). A method of payment shall be determined by the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission and provided on the website.
- H. Proceeds from the application fees collected shall be deposited in a special revenue fund known as "Oklahoma Cannabis Commission Fund" with the State Treasurer.
- I. A laboratory applicant, if an individual, shall be a resident of the State of Oklahoma for at least three (3) years prior to the submission date of the application.
- J. A laboratory applicant, if an entity, shall be owned by a resident of the State of Oklahoma and shall be registered to do business in Oklahoma; provided, however, an entity applying for a

license may show ownership of non-Oklahoma residents but their percentage of ownership may not exceed twenty-five percent (25%).

- K. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall review the medical marijuana testing laboratory application, approve or reject the application, and mail the approval, rejection or status update letter to the applicant within fourteen (14) days of receipt of the application.
- 1. Approved applicants shall be issued a medical marijuana testing laboratory license which shall act as proof of their approved status.
- 2. Rejection letters shall provide a reason for rejection.

  Applications may only be rejected based on the applicant not meeting the standards set forth in this section or improper completion of the application.
- 3. Status-update letters shall provide a reason for delay in either approval or rejection should a situation arise in which an application was submitted properly, but a delay in processing the application occurred.
- L. Approval, rejection or status-update letters shall be sent to the applicant in the same method the application was submitted to the Commission.
- M. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall approve all applications which meet the following minimum criteria:
  - 1. The applicant is twenty-five (25) years of age or older;

- 2. The applicant demonstrates proficiency in testing marijuana to the Commission or its designee prior to approval;
- 3. The applicant, applying as an individual, can show three (3) consecutive years of residency in the State of Oklahoma immediately preceding the date the application was submitted;
- 4. The applying entity has shown ownership of persons who have not lived in Oklahoma for three (3) consecutive years preceding the application but their percentage of ownership does not exceed twenty-five percent (25%);
- 5. All applying individuals or entities are registered to conduct business in the State of Oklahoma; and
  - 6. All applicants have disclosed ownership.

- The applicant, including owners of entity applicants, who has a nonviolent felony conviction in the two (2) years preceding the application submission deadline, any other felony conviction in the five (5) years preceding the application submission deadline, or is an inmate or a person currently incarcerated in a penal institution, may not qualify for or have an interest in a medical marijuana testing laboratory license.
- N. Commission approval of a medical marijuana testing laboratory for purposes of this section shall be for a term of one (1) year and shall expire after that year, or upon closure of the approved laboratory. An approved medical marijuana testing

laboratory shall apply for renewal of approval annually no later than thirty (30) days prior to expiration.

- O. The Commission may deny, withdraw or suspend approval of a medical marijuana testing laboratory in accordance with this section upon determination by the Commission that the laboratory has violated a provision of this section, upon failure of a proficiency test, upon the refusal of the laboratory to provide requested access to premises or materials, or upon the failure of a laboratory to comply with any standard, procedure or protocol developed, submitted or maintained pursuant to the provisions of this act.
- SECTION 19. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 8023 of Title 63, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. Upon certification of election returns favoring passage of State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412, there is hereby created the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission, and all responsibilities held by the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission pursuant to State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412 shall be transferred directly to the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission.
- B. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall be the regulatory office established under State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412, which shall monitor, inspect and audit medical marijuana testing laboratories.

- C. A licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory may take marijuana plants and distill or process these plants into concentrates, edibles and other forms for consumption pursuant to standards of the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission.
- D. A licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory shall not sell marijuana or any marijuana product directly to a medical marijuana license holder.
- E. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall have oversight and auditing responsibilities to ensure that all marijuana being tested is accounted for.
- F. Penalties for gross discrepancies occurring within any two-year time period shall be an initial fine of Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) for the first violation and revocation of licensing for the second violation in a two-year period.
- 1. A licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory shall only be subject to a penalty if a gross discrepancy exists and cannot be explained.
- 2. Proceeds from penalties collected shall be deposited in a special revenue fund known as the "Oklahoma Cannabis Commission Fund" with the State Treasurer.
- G. A medical marijuana testing laboratory is required to keep an updated list of all its buyers on-site for a minimum of five (5) years in its system.

- H. A licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory may receive test samples of marijuana or marijuana-derived products from any licensed patient, licensed dispensary, licensed grower or licensed processor.
  - I. A licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory or laboratory applicant shall establish and implement policies for sample preparation, documentation and transport, including:
    - 1. Accepted test sample types;
    - 2. Minimum test sample size;
    - 3. Recommended test sample container;
    - 4. Test sample labeling;

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

- 5. Transport and storage conditions such as refrigeration, as appropriate;
  - 6. Other requirements, such as use of preservatives, inert gas or other measures designed to protect sample integrity; and
    - 7. Creation of chain-of-custody documentation for each sample.
    - J. A licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory shall:
  - 1. Record the receipt of every test sample received, the record of which shall include:
    - a. the name and contact information of the licensed producer that was the source of the sample,
    - b. an appropriately specific description of the sample,
    - c. the date of receipt of the sample,

d. a statement of the quantity including weight, volume, number or other amount of the sample, and

1

2

3

4

5

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

- e. a unique sample identifier for the sample; and
- 2. Inform each licensed producer or individual who submits a test sample of the policies established in accordance with this section.
- K. A licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory shall establish sample handling procedures for the tracking of test samples through the analytical process, either by weight, volume, number or other appropriate measure, to prevent diversion.
- 1. A licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory shall store each test sample under the appropriate conditions to protect the physical and chemical integrity of the sample.
- 2. Analyzed test samples consisting of marijuana or marijuanaderived products shall be appropriately segregated, controlled and held in a controlled access area pending destruction or other disposal.
- 3. Any portion of a marijuana or marijuana-derived test sample that is not destroyed during analysis shall be:
  - a. returned to the licensed producer who provided the sample, or
  - b. destroyed in a manner which prevents unauthorized use. Such destruction shall be documented and witnessed by at least two employees, one of whom shall be

supervisory or managerial personnel. If video surveillance is used, only one employee is required to be in attendance.

1.3

- L. Each licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory shall develop, implement and maintain on its premises policies and procedures relating to the medical marijuana program, which shall at a minimum include the following:
- 1. Testing criteria and procedures, which shall be consistent with the testing requirements of the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission;
  - 2. Alcohol- and drug-free workplace policies and procedures;
- 3. Employee policies and procedures to address the following requirements:
  - a. job descriptions or employment contracts developed for every employee that identify duties, authority, responsibilities, qualifications and supervision, and
  - b. training materials concerning adherence to state and federal confidentiality laws;
- 4. Personnel records for each employee that include an application for employment and a record of any disciplinary action taken;
- 5. On-site training curricula or contracts with outside resources capable of meeting employee training needs to include, at a minimum, the following topics:

a. professional conduct, ethics and patient confidentiality, and

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- b. informational developments in the field of medical use of marijuana;
- 6. Employee safety and security training materials provided to each employee at the time of his or her initial employment, to include:
  - a. training in the proper use of security measures and controls that have been adopted, and
  - b. specific procedural instructions regarding how to respond to an emergency, including a robbery or violent incident;
  - 7. A general written security policy to address at a minimum:
    - a. safety and security procedures,
    - b. personal safety, and
    - c. crime prevention techniques;
- 8. Training documentation prepared for each employee and statements signed by employees indicating the topics discussed which shall include names and titles of presenters and the date, time and place the employee received said training;
- 9. A written policy regarding the right of the licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory to refuse service; and
- 10. Such other policies or procedures as the Commission may require.

M. A licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory shall maintain documentation of the training of an employee for a period of at least six (6) months after terminating the employment of an employee. Employee training documentation shall be made available within twenty-four (24) hours of a request by the Commission. The twenty-four-hour period shall exclude holidays and weekends.

- N. Each licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory shall maintain a backup of all reports and lists described in this section, off-site and at a secure facility. The backup of the reports and lists shall be updated each week.
- O. Failure to maintain all reports and lists described in this section shall result in a review of the license held by the testing laboratory with the potential for revocation of the medical marijuana testing laboratory license.
- SECTION 20. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 8024 of Title 63, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. Upon certification of election returns favoring passage of State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412, there is hereby created the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission, and all responsibilities held by the Oklahoma Department of Health pursuant to State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412 shall be transferred directly to the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission.

Page 113

Reg. No. 10163

B. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall be the regulatory office established under State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412, which will monitor, inspect and audit medical marijuana testing laboratories.

1.3

- C. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission may charge a fee not to exceed Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for inspections and audits of licensed medical marijuana testing laboratories and laboratory applicants.
- D. A licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory shall not hire any person who:
- 1. Has a nonviolent felony conviction in the two (2) years preceding employment;
- 2. Has any other felony conviction in the five (5) years preceding employment; or
- 3. Is on probation, parole or otherwise under the custody and control of the Oklahoma Department of Corrections.
- It shall be the obligation of the licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory to perform a background check prior to employment.
- E. All persons associated with a licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory shall consent to and undergo a national criminal history record check and an Oklahoma criminal history record check by the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation. Background check documentation shall be submitted annually to the Commission.

F. All applicable fees associated with the national and statewide criminal history record check shall be paid by the licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

- G. A licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory shall meet the following security requirements:
- 1. The physical security controls set forth in Sections 1301.72 through 1301.74 of Title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as existing on January 1, 2018;
  - 2. All storage of marijuana occurs within a building that:
    - a. has a complete roof enclosure supported by connecting walls that are constructed of solid material extending from the ground to the roof,
    - b. is secure against unauthorized entry,
    - c. has a foundation, slab or equivalent base to which the floor is securely attached,
    - d. has floors, walls and ceilings constructed in such a manner that they may be adequately cleaned, kept clean and kept in good repair,
    - e. meets performance standards ensuring that storage and processing activities cannot be and are not perceptible from outside the structure in terms of:
      - (1) common visual observation,
      - (2) odors, smell, fragrances or other olfactory stimulus,

1 (3) light pollution, glare or brightness, 2 adequate ventilation to prevent mold, and (4)3 (5) noise, 4 provides complete visual screening, and 5 is accessible only through one or more lockable doors; 6 3. Current detailed plans and elevation drawings of all 7 operational areas involved with medical marijuana are maintained on the premises of the laboratory facility, including: 8 9 a. all storage areas, ventilation systems and equipment 10 used for testing, 11 all entrances and exits to the laboratory facility, b. 12 C. all windows, skylights and retractable mechanisms 1.3 built into the roof, 14 the location of all required security cameras, d. 15 the location of all alarm inputs, detectors and e. 16 sirens, 17 f. all video and alarm system surveillance areas, 18 all sales areas labeled according to the specific q. 19 activity occurring within the area, all restricted and limited access areas identified, 20 h. 2.1 and 22 all areas labeled according to purpose; 23 Access to areas where marijuana is stored is limited to

Req. No. 10163 Page 116

24

authorized personnel and:

a. designated by clearly marked signage, and

2.1

b. locked and accessible only by authorized personnel on a current roster of authorized personnel;

- 5. Written policies regarding any nonregistered agent who may visit the premises and a log of all visitors to the premises are developed and maintained. The log shall consist of the name of the visitor, purpose of visit, time of arrival and time of departure. Visitors to a laboratory facility shall be attended to by a laboratory facility agent at all times while present on the premises. Contractors conducting repairs, maintenance or other specific duties may be escorted to their worksite and left unaccompanied while completing a job. Laboratory agents shall ensure that the contractor and area under repair are under video surveillance for the duration of the time spent on the premises by the contractor; and
- 6. An alarm system is equipped that, upon attempted unauthorized entry, transmits a signal directly to a central protection company for a local or state police agency and a designated laboratory agent. The alarm shall:
  - a. provide coverage for all points of ingress to and egress from the laboratory facility including, without limitation, doorways, windows, loading bays, skylights and retractable roof mechanisms,

b. provide coverage of any room with an exterior wall, any room containing a safe and any room used to grow or store medical marijuana,

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- c. be equipped with a panic drive that upon activation will not only sound any audible alarm components but will also notify law enforcement,
- d. have duress and hold-up features to enable a laboratory agent to activate a silent alarm notifying law enforcement of an emergency,
- e. be equipped with failure notification systems to notify laboratory facility and law enforcement of any failure in the alarm system, and
- f. have the ability to remain operational during a power outage.
- H. A licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory and a laboratory applicant shall comply with all applicable local ordinances, including but not limited to zoning, occupancy, licensing and building codes.
- I. The operators of a licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory shall maintain the premises of the laboratory in a clean and orderly condition and shall equip the premises with such utensils and equipment as necessary to conduct the operations of the laboratory. The operators of the laboratory shall ensure adequate

space for laboratory operations, sample storage and document storage.

1.3

- J. A licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory shall be equipped with one or more secure, controlled access areas for storage of marijuana and marijuana-derived product test samples, marijuana-derived waste and reference standards. Access to such storage areas shall be limited by the laboratory to authorized individuals.
- K. 1. Equipment used for the analysis of test samples shall be adequately inspected, cleaned and maintained. Equipment used for the generation or measurement of data shall be adequately tested and calibrated on an appropriate schedule, as applicable.
- 2. Laboratory operations shall document procedures setting forth in sufficient detail the methods and schedules to be used in the routine inspection, cleaning, maintenance, testing and calibration of equipment and shall specify, as appropriate, remedial action to be taken in the event of failure or malfunction of equipment. The procedures shall designate the personnel responsible for the performance of each operation.
- 3. Records shall be maintained of all inspection, maintenance, testing and calibrating operations. These records shall include the date of the operation, the person who performed it, the written procedure used and any deviations from the written procedure.

  Records shall be kept of nonroutine repairs performed on equipment

as a result of failure and malfunction. Such records shall document the nature of the repair, how and when the need for the repair was discovered and any remedial action taken in response to the repair.

- 4. Computer systems used for the analysis of samples, retention of data, sample tracking, calibration scheduling, management of reference standards or other critical laboratory management functions shall ensure that electronic records, electronic signatures and handwritten signatures executed to electronic records are trustworthy, reliable and generally equivalent to paper records and handwritten signatures executed on paper.
- L. 1. A licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory is authorized to possess reagents, solutions and reference standards. Such items shall be:
  - a. secured in accordance with the storage policies of the licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory, labeled to indicate identity, date received or prepared and expiration or requalification date, and, where applicable, concentration or purity, storage requirements and date opened,
  - stored under appropriate conditions to minimize
     degradation or deterioration of the material, and
  - c. used only within the expiration or requalification date of the item.

Req. No. 10163

1

3

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

2. Deteriorated or outdated reagents and solutions shall be properly destroyed.

- 3. A licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory may acquire commercial reference standards for cannabinoids and other chemicals or contaminants for the exclusive purpose of conducting testing for which the laboratory is licensed. A licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory may elect to internally produce reference standards. When internally produced, a licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory shall utilize standard analytical techniques to document the purity and concentration of the internally produced reference standards. A licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory is authorized to obtain marijuana or marijuana-derived product from a licensed nonprofit producer for this purpose.
- 4. A licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory shall obtain or, for internally-produced standards, shall create a certificate of analysis (COA) for each lot of reference standard. Each COA shall be kept on file and the lot number of the reference standard used shall be recorded in the documentation for each analysis, as applicable.
  - M. A licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory shall:
- 1. Utilize analytical methods that are appropriate for the purpose of testing marijuana and marijuana-derived products;
- 2. Require analysts to demonstrate proficiency in the performance of the analytical methods used;

- 3. Maintain written procedures for the analytical method used for the analysis of each test sample, including:
  - a. sample preparation,

- b. reagent, solution and reference standard preparation,
- c. instrument setup, as applicable,
- d. standardization of volumetric reagent solutions, as applicable,
- e. data acquisition, and
- f. calculation of results;
- 4. Specify, as applicable to each analytical method used, requirements for accuracy, precision, linearity, specificity, limit of detection, limit of quantitation and other data quality parameters;
- 5. Ensure that no deviations from licensed protocols or standard operating procedures are made during any analytical process without proper authorization and documentation; and
- 6. Use only primary standards or secondary standards for quantitative analyses.
- N. 1. A licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory shall ensure that all data generated during the testing of a test sample, except data generated by automated data collection systems, is recorded directly, promptly and legibly in ink. All data shall be annotated with the date of entry and signed or initialed by the person recording the data. Any change in entries shall be made so

as not to obscure the original entry, shall indicate the reason for such change and shall be dated and signed or initialed at the time of the change.

- 2. In automated data collection systems, the individual responsible for direct data input shall be identified at the time of data input. Any change in automated data entries shall be made so as not to void or delete the original entry, shall indicate the reason for change, shall be dated and shall identify the responsible individual.
- 3. For each final result reported, a licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory shall verify that:
  - a. any calculations or other data processing steps were performed correctly,
  - b. the data meet any data quality requirements including, but not limited to, accuracy, precision and linearity,
  - c. any reference standards used were of the appropriate purity and within their expiration or requalification dates,
  - d. any volumetric solutions were properly standardized before use, and
  - e. any test or measuring equipment used has been properly tested, verified and calibrated and is within its verification or calibration period.

Reg. No. 10163

1

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

Page 123

O. 1. A licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory shall ensure that all raw data, documentation, protocols and final reports associated with analysis of a test sample are retained for two (2) years from the date of the completion of analysis.

2.1

- 2. A licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory shall maintain the records identified in this section. Such records shall be maintained:
  - a. in a manner that allows retrieval as needed,
  - b. under conditions of storage that minimize
     deterioration throughout the retention period, and
  - c. in a manner that prevents unauthorized alteration.
- P. A licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory shall designate an individual as responsible for records maintenance.

  Only authorized personnel may access the maintained records.
- Q. 1. A laboratory report of a test conducted at the request of a licensed producer or qualified patient shall contain the following information:
  - a. the date of receipt of the test sample,
  - b. the description of the type or form of the test sample including, but not limited to, the leaf, flower, powder, oil or specific edible product,
  - c. the unique sample identifier,
  - d. information on whether sampling was performed by the laboratory operation, by the compliant business or

individual which submitted the test sample, or by a third party,

e. date on which analysis occurred,

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- f. the analytical method used, including at a minimum identification of the type of analytical equipment used,
- g. the analytical results, including units of measure where applicable,
- h. the identity of the supervisory or management personnel who reviewed and verified the data and results and ensured that data quality, calibration and other applicable requirements were met, and
- i. the name, address and contact information of the licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory that conducted the test.
- 2. The laboratory report shall state that reported analytical results apply only to the test sample received.
- R. Unused marijuana, marijuana products or marijuana-derived product waste that is in the possession of a licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory shall be disposed of by transporting the unused portion to a state or local law enforcement office or by destruction of the material.
- S. A licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory shall promptly provide the Commission or designee of the Commission access

- to a report of a test and any underlying data that is conducted on a

  sample at the request of a licensed producer or qualified patient.

  A licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory shall also provide

  access to the Commission or designee of the Commission to laboratory

  premises and to any material or information requested by the

  Commission, for the purpose of determining compliance with the

  requirements of this section.
  - T. A licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory shall retain all results of laboratory tests conducted on marijuana or marijuana-derived products for a period of at least two (2) years and shall make them available to the Commission upon the request of the Commission.

- U. A licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory shall take reasonable measures and precautions to ensure the following:
- 1. That all testing shall be done in premises that are in compliance with local ordinances including, but not limited to, zoning, occupancy, licensing and building codes;
- 2. That the testing operation and all equipment, implements and fixtures shall be used exclusively for the testing of marijuanaderived products and that any other use shall be prohibited;
- 3. Laboratory staff involved in the handling, transportation, manufacture, testing or packaging of marijuana-derived products shall complete general food-handler safety training;

4. That any person who, by medical examination or supervisory observation, is shown to have or appears to have, an illness, open lesion, including a boil, sore, or infected wound, or any other abnormal source of microbial contamination for whom there is a reasonable possibility of contact with preparation surfaces for medical marijuana or marijuana-derived products, shall be excluded from any operations which may be anticipated to result in such contamination until the condition is corrected;

2.1

- 5. That hand-washing facilities are adequate, convenient and furnished with running water at a suitable temperature. Hand-washing facilities shall be located in the facility in medical marijuana and marijuana-derived product preparation areas and where good sanitary practices require employees to wash or sanitize their hands. Hand-washing facilities shall provide effective hand-cleaning and sanitizing preparations and sanitary towel service or suitable drying devices;
- 6. That all persons involved in preparing or handling medical marijuana or marijuana-derived products at the testing operation conform to hygienic practices while on duty, including:
  - a. maintaining adequate personal cleanliness,
  - b. washing hands thoroughly in an adequate hand-washing area before starting work and at any other time when the hands may have become soiled or contaminated,

c. refraining from preparing or handling medical
marijuana or marijuana-derived products if the handler
has or may have an illness, open lesion, including
boils, sores or infected wounds, or any other abnormal
source of microbial contamination, until such
condition is corrected, and

- d. complying with the other requirements of this section;
- 7. That there is sufficient space for placement of equipment and storage of materials as is necessary for the maintenance of sanitary operations for testing of medical marijuana and marijuanaderived products;
- 8. That litter and waste are properly removed and the operating systems for waste disposal are maintained in an adequate manner so that they do not constitute a source of contamination in areas where medical marijuana or marijuana-derived products are exposed;
- 9. That there is adequate safety lighting in all areas where medical marijuana or marijuana-derived products are processed or stored and where equipment or utensils are cleaned;
- 10. That the manufacturer provides adequate screening or other protection against the entry of pests. Rubbish shall be disposed of so as to minimize the development of odor, minimize the potential for the waste becoming an attractant and harborage or breeding place for pests;

11. That building, fixtures and other physical facilities where marijuana-derived products are tested are maintained in a sanitary condition;

- 12. That all contact surfaces, including utensils and equipment used for testing marijuana-derived products are cleaned and sanitized as frequently as necessary to protect against contamination;
- 13. That all equipment and utensils used for testing marijuanaderived products are designed and of such material and workmanship as to be adequately cleanable and are properly maintained;
- 14. That only Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) registered sanitizing agents are used in testing operations and that they are used in accordance with labeled instructions;
- 15. That toxic cleaning compounds, sanitizing agents and pesticide chemicals shall be identified, held and stored in a manner that protects against contamination of medical marijuana or marijuana-derived products;
- 16. That the water supply is sufficient for the operations intended and is derived from a source that is a regulated water system. Private water supplies shall be from a water source that is capable of providing a safe, potable and adequate supply of water to meet the needs of the testing facility;
- 17. That plumbing shall be of adequate size and design, adequately installed and maintained to carry sufficient quantities

of water to required locations throughout the facility. The plumbing shall properly convey sewage and liquid disposable waste from the facility;

- 18. That there are no cross-connections between the potable and wastewater lines;
- 19. That the manufacturer provide its employees with adequate, readily accessible toilet facilities that are maintained in a sanitary condition and good repair;
- 20. That all operations in the receipt, inspection, transport, segregation, preparation, manufacture, packaging and storage of medical marijuana or marijuana-derived products are conducted in accordance with adequate security and sanitation principles;
- 21. That medical marijuana or marijuana-derived products that can support the rapid growth of undesirable microorganisms are stored and transported in a manner that prevents the growth of these microorganisms;
- 22. That storage and transportation of medical marijuana or marijuana-derived products are under conditions that will maintain security and protect medical marijuana or marijuana-derived products against physical, chemical and microbial contamination as well as against deterioration of the medical marijuana or marijuana-derived product and the container;

1.3

23. That current material safety data sheets are kept on the premises for all chemicals used including, but not limited to, cleaning compounds, sanitizing agents and pesticides; and

- 24. That extraction for the purpose of testing concentrates is conducted in a closed system utilizing an oil extractor solvent such as N-butane or carbon dioxide or utilizing ethyl alcohol.
- V. Inspection by the local fire marshal for the storage and use of any hazardous chemicals shall be required prior to processing medical marijuana.
- W. Any and all detailed plans, elevation drawing and written policies shall be provided to the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission prior to being deemed registered to conduct business in the State of Oklahoma. In addition, the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission may inspect the premises, business plans and conduct interviews of all applicants prior to being deemed registered to conduct business in the State of Oklahoma.
- X. 1. A laboratory applicant shall be subject to proficiency testing by the Commission or designee of the Commission prior to approval. A licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory shall be subject to proficiency testing at a frequency and at times to be determined by the Commission. A laboratory applicant or licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory shall cooperate with the Commission or its designee for purposes of conducting proficiency testing. The Commission or its designee may require submission of

marijuana and marijuana-derived product samples from licensed nonprofit producers for purposes of proficiency testing.

- 2. A laboratory applicant and a licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory shall be subject to inspection at times determined by the Commission, in accordance with the provisions of this section. The Commission may require the inspection of premises, equipment and written materials to determine compliance with this section and to determine compliance with the application submissions of the laboratory applicant or licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory including, but not limited to, standard operating procedures and standards for testing.
- 3. If the Commission determines on the basis of a proficiency test that a licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory has not satisfactorily identified the presence, quantity or other relevant factor pertaining to a given analyte, the Commission may withdraw approval of the laboratory in whole or in part, require additional tests, or require remedial actions be taken by the licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory.
- Y. The monthly visitors log and any changes to the detailed plans, elevation drawings and written policies shall be reported to the Commission along with the monthly yield and sales report due on the 15th of each month.
- Z. A licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory shall maintain compliance with applicable city or county building or

- 1 | structure rules, regulations or ordinances and any other applicable 2 | state laws or rules regarding buildings or structures.
- 3 SECTION 21. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 4 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 8025 of Title 63, unless there 5 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. This section shall only go into effect upon certification of election returns favoring passage of State Question No. 788,

  8 Initiative Petition No. 412.
  - B. An Oklahoma dispensary, grower or producer shall not sell or otherwise distribute a usable marijuana product that has not been packaged and labeled in accordance with this section.
    - C. The label shall identify:

10

11

12

16

17

18

19

24

- 1. The name of the entity that produced the marijuana and the name of the producer of the marijuana-derived product, as applicable;
  - 2. A batch number or code;
  - 3. A production date or expiration date including a "use by" or "freeze by" date for products capable of supporting the growth of infectious, toxigenic or spoilage microorganisms;
- 4. The number of units of usable marijuana or concentrated marijuana-derived product contained within the product, as identified in Commission rules for the enrollment of licensed patients;

- 5. For dried, usable marijuana, the quantity of tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) and cannabidiol (CBD) which shall be expressed by weight;
- 6. For concentrated marijuana-derived product, the quantity of tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) and cannabidiol (CBD) which shall be expressed by weight and by percentage of total weight;
- 7. Pesticide used in the production of the marijuana or marijuana-derived product;
  - 8. Instructions for use;
  - 9. Warnings for use;

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

15

16

17

18

19

20

24

- 10. Instructions for appropriate storage;
- 12 11. Approved laboratory analysis, including the results of
  13 strength and composition within ten percent (10%) of numbers shown
  14 on the package;
  - 12. The name of the strain, product facts or a nutrition fact panel and a statement that the product is for medical use by qualified patients, to be kept away from children, and not for resale;
  - 13. Whether the batch from which the product was derived was sampled and tested by an approved laboratory; and
- 21 14. The name of the Commission-approved testing facility used 22 for active ingredient analysis and quantity of tetrahydrocannabinol 23 (THC) and cannabidiol (CBD), as applicable.

D. Medical marijuana packaging shall not bear a reasonable resemblance to any commercially available product.

- E. Medical marijuana packaging shall be packaged to minimize its appeal to children and shall not depict images other than the business name logo of the medical marijuana producer and image of the product.
- F. The medical marijuana trade name of the medical marijuana producer is subject to approval by the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission and shall comply with the following standards:
- 1. Names are limited to those which clearly reflect the nature of the medical marijuana product;
- 2. Any name that is identical to, or confusingly similar to, the name of an existing nonmarijuana product shall be prohibited;
- 3. Any name that is identical to, or confusingly similar to, the name of an unlawful product or substance shall be prohibited; and
- 4. Any name that contains language that suggests using medical marijuana for recreational purposes or for a condition other than a qualifying medical condition shall be prohibited.
- SECTION 22. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 8026 of Title 63, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. Upon certification of election returns favoring passage of State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412, there is hereby

created the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission, and all responsibilities
held by the Oklahoma Department of Health pursuant to State Question
No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412 shall be transferred directly
to the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission.

- B. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall be the regulatory office established under State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412, which will receive and review applications for transporting medical marijuana.
  - C. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall issue a marijuana transportation license to qualifying applicants for a licensed medical marijuana dispensary, licensed commercial grower or licensed processor. The marijuana transportation license shall be issued at the time of approval of a dispensary, commercial grower or processing license.
- D. The applicant shall appoint an agent, who shall be a natural person, as the transporter.
- E. All transporters shall be employees of a licensed medical marijuana dispensary, licensed commercial grower, licensed processor or licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory. Licensed medical marijuana dispensaries, licensed commercial growers, licensed processors, or licensed medical marijuana testing laboratories may not subcontract out the transporting of medical marijuana.
- F. A marijuana transportation license shall allow the holder to transport marijuana from an Oklahoma-licensed medical marijuana

dispensary, licensed commercial grower facility, or licensed processor facility to an Oklahoma-licensed medical marijuana dispensary, licensed commercial grower facility, or licensed processing facility.

- G. All marijuana or marijuana-derived products shall be transported in a locked container and clearly labeled "Medical Marijuana or Derivative".
- H. A licensed medical marijuana dispensary, licensed commercial grower, licensed processor, or licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory shall label the marijuana that is moved between the licensed medical marijuana dispensary, licensed commercial grower, licensed processor, or licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory with a trip ticket that identifies the licensed medical marijuana dispensary, licensed commercial grower, licensed processor, or licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory by identification number, the time, date, origin and destination of the marijuana being transported, and the amount and form of marijuana that is being transported.
- I. A transporter agent may possess marijuana at any location while the transporter agent is transferring marijuana to or from a licensed medical marijuana dispensary, licensed commercial grower, licensed processor, or licensed medical marijuana testing laboratory. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall administer and enforce the provisions of this section concerning transportation.

J. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall issue each transporter agent a registry identification card within ten (10) days of receipt of:

1.3

- 1. The name, address and date of birth of the person; and
- 2. A reasonable fee in an amount established by the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission.
- K. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall not issue a registry identification card to a transporter who has been convicted of a felony offense.
- L. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission may conduct a criminal background check of each transporter in order to carry out the provisions of this section.
- M. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall notify the transporter in writing of the reason for denying the registry identification card.
- N. A registry identification card for a transporter shall expire one (1) year after the date of issuance.
- O. A registry identification card of a transporter expires upon notification to the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission by a dispensary or commercial grower that the person ceases to work as a transporter.
- P. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission may set a reasonable fee as established by rule for the issuance of a new, renewal or replacement registry identification card to be paid to the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission.

- Q. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission may revoke the registry identification card of a transporter who knowingly violates any provision of this section, and the cardholder is subject to any other penalties established by law for the violation.
- R. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission may revoke or suspend the transporter license of a transporter that the Commission determines knowingly aided or facilitated a violation of any provision of this section, and the license-holder is subject to any other penalties established in law for the violation.
- S. The Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall adopt rules governing:
- 1. The manner in which the Commission considers applications for and renewals of registry identification cards for transporters;
- 2. The form and content of registration and renewal applications for transporters;
- 3. Procedures for suspending or terminating the registration of transporters who violate the provisions of this section or the rules adopted under this section, procedures for appealing penalties, and a schedule of penalties; and
- 4. Any other matters necessary for the fair, impartial, stringent and comprehensive administration of the duties of the Commission under this section.

SECTION 23. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 8027 of Title 63, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

- A. Upon certification of election returns favoring passage of State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412, there is hereby created in the State Treasury a limited purpose fund to be known as the "Oklahoma Cannabis Commission Fund". The fund shall be a continuing fund, not subject to fiscal year limitations, and shall consist of the proceeds of the sales tax levy and the fees and fines of the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission provided for in this act and State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412, and any monies or assets contributed to the fund from any other source, public or private.
- B. The tax on retail medical marijuana sales shall be established at seven percent (7%) of the gross amount received by the seller.
- C. The tax shall be collected at the point of sale. Tax proceeds shall be applied primarily to finance the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission.
- D. If proceeds from the levy authorized by subsection A of this section exceed the budgeted amount for running the regulatory and licensing affairs of the medical marijuana program, any surplus shall be apportioned with seventy-five percent (75%) going to the General Revenue Fund and may only be expended for common education.

- 1 | Twenty-five percent (25%) shall be apportioned to the Oklahoma State
- 2 Department of Health and earmarked for drug and alcohol
- 3 rehabilitation.
- 4 E. The Oklahoma Tax Commission may promulgate rules to
- 5 administer the provisions of this section.
- 6 SECTION 24. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
- 7 | in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 8028 of Title 63, unless there
- 8 | is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- 9 A. This section shall only go into effect upon certification of
- 10 election returns favoring passage of State Question No. 788,
- 11 | Initiative Petition No. 412.
- B. A city, incorporated town, or county of this state shall not
- 13 be prohibited from enacting reasonable zoning regulations applicable
- 14 to dispensaries or commercial grower facilities; provided, however,
- 15 | the zoning regulations are the same as those for a licensed retail
- 16 pharmacy.
- 17 | C. Counties and cities may enact medical marijuana guidelines
- 18 | allowing medical marijuana license holders or caregivers to exceed
- 19 | the state limits.
- 20 SECTION 25. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
- 21 | in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 8029 of Title 63, unless there
- 22 | is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

24

- A. This section shall only go into effect upon certification of election returns favoring passage of State Question No. 788,

  Initiative Petition No. 412.
- B. No later than one hundred eighty (180) days after the effective date of this act, the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall adopt rules governing advertising restrictions for licensed dispensaries and commercial grower facilities including, without limitation, the advertising, marketing, packaging and promotion of dispensaries and commercial grower facilities. The purpose of such restriction is to avoid making the product of a dispensary or a commercial grower facility appealing to children, including without limitation:
- 13 | 1. Artwork;

- 2. Building signage;
- 3. Product design including, without limitation, shapes and flavors;
  - 4. Child-proof packaging that cannot be opened by a child or that prevents ready access to toxic or a harmful amount of the product, and that meets the testing requirements in accordance with the method described in Section 1700 of Title 16 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as existing on January 1, 2018;
  - 5. Indoor displays that can be seen from outside the dispensary or commercial grower facility; and
    - 6. Other forms of marketing related to marijuana.

SECTION 26. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 8030 of Title 63, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

- A. This section shall only go into effect upon certification of election returns favoring passage of State Question No. 788,
  Initiative Petition No. 412.
- B. An application or renewal and supporting information submitted by a qualifying patient or designated caregiver under the provisions of this act including, without limitation, information regarding the physician of the qualifying patient are considered confidential medical records that are exempt from the Oklahoma Open Records Act.
- C. The dispensary records with patient information shall be treated as confidential records that are exempt from the Oklahoma Open Records Act.
- D. All financial information provided by an applicant in its application to the Oklahoma Cannabis Commission shall be treated as confidential records that are exempt from the Oklahoma Open Records Act.
- E. All information provided by an applicant that constitutes private business information shall be treated as confidential records that are exempt from the Oklahoma Open Records Act.

1.3

- SECTION 27. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 8031 of Title 63, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. This section shall only go into effect upon certification of election returns favoring passage of State Question No. 788,

  Initiative Petition No. 412.
  - B. A licensed patient shall be able to:
    - 1. Consume marijuana legally;

7

8

11

12

24

- 9 2. Legally possess up to three (3) ounces of marijuana on his or her person;
  - 3. Legally possess up to six mature marijuana plants;
  - 4. Legally possess up to six seedling plants;
- 5. Legally possess up to one (1) ounce of concentrated marijuana;
- 6. Legally possess up to seventy-two (72) ounces of edible marijuana; and
- 7. Legally possess up to eight (8) ounces of marijuana at his or her residence.
- C. Possession of up to one and one-half (1.5) ounces of
  marijuana by persons who can state a medical condition, but are not
  in possession of a state-issued medical marijuana license, shall
  constitute a misdemeanor offense with a fine not to exceed Four
  Hundred Dollars (\$400.00).

- D. A device used for the consumption of medical marijuana shall be considered legal to be sold, manufactured, distributed and possessed.
- E. No merchant, wholesaler, manufacturer or individual may unduly be harassed or prosecuted for selling, manufacturing or possessing medical marijuana paraphernalia.
- F. A dispensary, commercial grower, transporter or processor is not subject to the following:
- 1. Prosecution for the acquisition, possession, cultivation, processing, preparation, manufacture, delivery, transfer, transport, sale, supply or dispensing of marijuana and related supplies in accordance with the provisions of this act and any rule adopted under this act;
- 2. Inspection, unless otherwise provided for in this act or upon a search warrant issued by a court or judicial officer;
- 3. Seizure of marijuana, unless otherwise proved for in this act or except upon any order issued by a court or judicial officer and with due process of law; or
- 4. Imposition of a penalty or denial of a right or privilege including, without limitation, imposition of a civil penalty or disciplinary action by a business, occupational or professional licensing board or entity, solely for acting in accordance with the provisions of this act.

1.3

G. A dispensary agent, commercial grower agent, transporter agent or processor agent shall not be subject to arrest, prosecution, search, seizure or penalty in any manner or denied any right or privilege including, without limitation, civil penalty or disciplinary action by a business, occupational or professional licensing board or entity, solely for working for or with a dispensary, commercial grower, transporter or processor to engage in acts permitted pursuant to the provisions of this act.

1.3

- H. A government medical assistance program or private health insurer shall not be required to reimburse a person for costs associated with the medical use of marijuana unless federal law requires reimbursement.
- I. An employer shall not be required to accommodate the ingestion of marijuana in a workplace or an employee working while under the influence of marijuana.
- J. An individual or establishment in lawful possession of property shall not be required to allow a guest, client, customer or other visitor to use marijuana on or in that property.
- K. An individual or establishment in lawful possession of property shall not be required to admit a guest, client, customer, or other visitor who is inebriated as a result of his or her medical use of marijuana.
- L. A landlord shall not be required to permit a licensed patient to smoke marijuana on or in leased property, except that a

landlord may not prohibit the medical use of marijuana through means other than smoking on leased property by a licensed patient.

M. A public school shall not be required to permit a licensed patient who is a student to be present on school grounds, to attend a school event, or to participate in extracurricular activities in violation of the student discipline policies of the public school when a school officer has a good-faith belief that the behavior of the licensed patient is impaired.

SECTION 28. AMENDATORY 21 O.S. 2011, Section 1247, as last amended by Section 1, Chapter 110, O.S.L. 2017 (21 O.S. Supp. 2017, Section 1247), is amended to read as follows:

Section 1247. A. The possession of lighted tobacco or lighted medical marijuana in any form is a public nuisance and dangerous to public health and is hereby prohibited when such possession is in any indoor place used by or open to the public, all parts of a zoo to which the public may be admitted, whether indoors or outdoors, public transportation, or any indoor workplace, except where specifically allowed by law. Commercial airport operators may prohibit the use of lighted tobacco or lighted medical marijuana in any area that is open to or used by the public whether located indoors or outdoors, provided that the outdoor area is within one hundred seventy-five (175) feet from an entrance.

As used in this section, "indoor workplace" means any indoor place of employment or employment-type service for or at the request

of another individual or individuals, or any public or private entity, whether part-time or full-time and whether for compensation or not. Such services shall include, without limitation, any service performed by an owner, employee, independent contractor, agent, partner, proprietor, manager, officer, director, apprentice, trainee, associate, servant or volunteer. An indoor workplace includes work areas, employee lounges, restrooms, conference rooms, classrooms, employee cafeterias, hallways, any other spaces used or visited by employees, and all space between a floor and ceiling that is predominantly or totally enclosed by walls or windows, regardless of doors, doorways, open or closed windows, stairways, or the like. The provisions of this section shall apply to such indoor workplace at any given time, whether or not work is being performed.

- B. All buildings and other properties, or portions thereof, owned or operated by this state shall be designated as nonsmoking. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to veterans centers operated by this state pursuant to the provisions of Section 221 et seq. of Title 72 of the Oklahoma Statutes, which shall be designated nonsmoking effective January 1, 2015, at which time veterans centers may establish outdoor designated smoking areas for resident veterans only. Smoking shall only be allowed in designated outdoor smoking areas.
- C. All buildings and other properties, or portions thereof, owned or operated by a county or municipal government, at the

discretion of the county or municipal governing body, may be designated as entirely nonsmoking.

- D. All educational facilities or portions thereof as defined in the Smoking in Public Places and Indoor Workplaces Act and all educational facilities as defined in the 24/7 Tobacco-free Schools Act shall be designated as nonsmoking as provided for in Section 1-1523 of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes. All campuses, buildings and grounds, or portions thereof, owned or operated by an institution within The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education may be designated as tobacco- and medical-marijuana-free, including smoking or smokeless tobacco, by the institution upon adoption of a policy stating the tobacco and medical marijuana restrictions for the institution and an intent to enforce the penalty for violations as set forth in subsection M of this section.
- E. No smoking shall be allowed within twenty-five (25) feet of the entrance or exit of any building specified in subsection B, C or D of this section.
- F. The restrictions provided in this section shall not apply to stand-alone bars, stand-alone taverns and cigar bars as defined in Section 1-1522 of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes.
- G. The restrictions provided in this section shall not apply to the following:

1.3

1. The room or rooms where licensed charitable bingo games are being operated, but only during the hours of operation of such games;

- 2. Up to twenty-five percent (25%) of the guest rooms at a hotel or other lodging establishment;
- 3. Retail tobacco stores predominantly engaged in the sale of tobacco products and accessories and in which the sale of other products is merely incidental and in which no food or beverage is sold or served for consumption on the premises;
- 4. Workplaces where only the owner or operator of the workplace, or the immediate family of the owner or operator, performs any work in the workplace, and the workplace has only incidental public access. "Incidental public access" means that a place of business has only an occasional person, who is not an employee, present at the business to transact business or make a delivery. It does not include businesses that depend on walk-in customers for any part of their business;
- 5. Workplaces occupied exclusively by one or more smokers, if the workplace has only incidental public access;
  - 6. Private offices occupied exclusively by one or more smokers;
- 7. Workplaces within private residences, except that smoking shall not be allowed inside any private residence that is used as a licensed child care facility during hours of operation;

8. Medical research or treatment centers, if smoking is integral to the research or treatment;

- 9. A facility operated by a post or organization of past or present members of the Armed Forces of the United States which is exempt from taxation pursuant to Section 501(c)(8), 501(c)(10) or 501(c)(19) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 501(c)(8), 501(c)(10) or 501(c)(19), when such facility is utilized exclusively by its members and their families and for the conduct of post or organization nonprofit operations except during an event or activity which is open to the public; and
- 10. Any outdoor seating area of a restaurant; provided, smoking shall not be allowed within fifteen (15) feet of any exterior public doorway or any air intake of a restaurant.
- H. An employer not otherwise restricted from doing so may elect to provide smoking rooms where no work is performed except for cleaning and maintenance during the time the room is not in use for smoking, provided each smoking room is fully enclosed and exhausted directly to the outside in such a manner that no smoke can drift or circulate into a nonsmoking area. No exhaust from a smoking room shall be located within fifteen (15) feet of any entrance, exit or air intake.
- I. If smoking is to be permitted in any space exempted in subsection F or G of this section or in a smoking room pursuant to subsection H of this section, such smoking space must either occupy

the entire enclosed indoor space or, if it shares the enclosed space with any nonsmoking areas, the smoking space shall be fully enclosed, exhausted directly to the outside with no air from the smoking space circulated to any nonsmoking area, and under negative air pressure so that no smoke can drift or circulate into a nonsmoking area when a door to an adjacent nonsmoking area is opened. Air from a smoking room shall not be exhausted within fifteen (15) feet of any entrance, exit or air intake. Any employer may choose a more restrictive smoking policy, including being totally smoke free.

J. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, until March 1, 2006, restaurants may have designated smoking and nonsmoking areas or may be designated as being a totally nonsmoking area. Beginning March 1, 2006, restaurants shall be totally nonsmoking or may provide nonsmoking areas and designated smoking rooms. Food and beverage may be served in such designated smoking rooms which shall be in a location which is fully enclosed, directly exhausted to the outside, under negative air pressure so smoke cannot escape when a door is opened, and no air is recirculated to nonsmoking areas of the building. No exhaust from such room shall be located within twenty-five (25) feet of any entrance, exit or air intake. Such room shall be subject to verification for compliance with the provisions of this subsection by the State Department of Health.

K. The person who owns or operates a place where smoking or, tobacco use or medical marijuana use is prohibited by law shall be responsible for posting a sign or decal, at least four (4) inches by two (2) inches in size, at each entrance to the building indicating that the place is smoke-free or, tobacco-free or medical-marijuana-free.

follows:

- L. Responsibility for posting signs or decals shall be as follows:
- 1. In privately owned facilities, the owner or lessee, if a lessee is in possession of the facilities, shall be responsible;
- 2. In corporately owned facilities, the manager and/or supervisor of the facility involved shall be responsible; and
- 3. In publicly owned facilities, the manager and/or supervisor of the facility shall be responsible.
- M. Any person who knowingly violates the provisions of this section shall be punished by a citation and fine of not more than One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00).
- 18 SECTION 29. AMENDATORY Section 50, Chapter 208, O.S.L.
  19 2013 (85A O.S. Supp. 2017, Section 50), is amended to read as
- Section 50. A. The employer shall promptly provide an injured employee with medical, surgical, hospital, optometric, podiatric, and nursing services, along any with medicine, crutches, ambulatory devices, artificial limbs, eyeglasses, contact lenses, hearing aids,

and other apparatus as may be reasonably necessary in connection with the injury received by the employee. The employer shall have the right to choose the treating physician.

- B. If the employer fails or neglects to provide medical treatment within five (5) days after actual knowledge is received of an injury, the injured employee may select a physician to provide medical treatment at the expense of the employer; provided, however, that the injured employee, or another in the employee's behalf, may obtain emergency treatment at the expense of the employer where such emergency treatment is not provided by the employer.
- C. Diagnostic tests shall not be repeated sooner than six (6) months from the date of the test unless agreed to by the parties or ordered by the Commission for good cause shown.
- D. Unless recommended by the treating doctor at the time claimant reaches maximum medical improvement or by an independent medical examiner, continuing medical maintenance shall not be awarded by the Commission. The employer or insurance carrier shall not be responsible for continuing medical maintenance or pain management treatment that is outside the parameters established by the Physician Advisory Committee or ODG. The employer or insurance carrier shall not be responsible for continuing medical maintenance or pain management treatment not previously ordered by the Commission or approved in advance by the employer or insurance carrier.

- E. An employee claiming or entitled to benefits under this act, shall, if ordered by the Commission or requested by the employer or insurance carrier, submit himself or herself for medical examination. If an employee refuses to submit himself or herself to examination, his or her right to prosecute any proceeding under this act shall be suspended, and no compensation shall be payable for the period of such refusal.
- F. For compensable injuries resulting in the use of a medical device, ongoing service for the medical device shall be provided in situations including, but not limited to, medical device battery replacement, ongoing medication refills related to the medical device, medical device repair, or medical device replacement.
- G. The employer shall reimburse the employee for the actual mileage in excess of twenty (20) miles round-trip to and from the employee's home to the location of a medical service provider for all reasonable and necessary treatment, for an evaluation of an independent medical examiner and for any evaluation made at the request of the employer or insurance carrier. The rate of reimbursement for such travel expense shall be the official reimbursement rate as established by the State Travel Reimbursement Act. In no event shall the reimbursement of travel for medical treatment or evaluation exceed six hundred (600) miles round trip.

H. Fee Schedule.

1.3

1. The Commission shall conduct a review of the Fee Schedule every two (2) years. The Fee Schedule shall establish the maximum rates that medical providers shall be reimbursed for medical care provided to injured employees, including, but not limited to, charges by physicians, dentists, counselors, hospitals, ambulatory and outpatient facilities, clinical laboratory services, diagnostic testing services, and ambulance services, and charges for durable medical equipment, prosthetics, orthotics, and supplies. The most current Fee Schedule established by the Administrator of the Workers' Compensation Court prior to the effective date of this section shall remain in effect, unless or until the Legislature approves the Commission's proposed Fee Schedule.

1.3

2. Reimbursement for medical care shall be prescribed and limited by the Fee Schedule as adopted by the Commission, after notice and public hearing, and after approval by the Legislature by joint resolution. The director of the Employees Group Insurance Division of the Office of Management and Enterprise Services shall provide the Commission such information as may be relevant for the development of the Fee Schedule. The Commission shall develop the Fee Schedule in a manner in which quality of medical care is assured and maintained for injured employees. The Commission shall give due consideration to additional requirements for physicians treating an injured worker under this act, including, but not limited to, communication with claims representatives, case managers, attorneys,

and representatives of employers, and the additional time required to complete forms for the Commission, insurance carriers, and employers.

1

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

- In making adjustments to the Fee Schedule, the Commission shall use, as a benchmark, the reimbursement rate for each Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) code provided for in the fee schedule published by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services for use in Oklahoma (Medicare Fee Schedule) on the effective date of this section, workers' compensation fee schedules employed by neighboring states, the latest edition of "Relative Values for Physicians" (RVP), usual, customary and reasonable medical payments to workers' compensation health care providers in the same trade area for comparable treatment of a person with similar injuries, and all other data the Commission deems relevant. For services not valued by CMS, the Commission shall establish values based on the usual, customary and reasonable medical payments to health care providers in the same trade area for comparable treatment of a person with similar injuries.
  - a. No reimbursement shall be allowed for any magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) unless the MRI is provided by an entity that meets Medicare requirements for the payment of MRI services or is accredited by the American College of Radiology, the Intersocietal

1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |

11

12

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

Accreditation Commission or the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations. For all other radiology procedures, the reimbursement rate shall be the lesser of the reimbursement rate allowed by the 2010 Oklahoma Fee Schedule and two hundred seven percent (207%) of the Medicare Fee Schedule.

- b. For reimbursement of medical services for Evaluation and Management of injured employees as defined in the Fee Schedule adopted by the Commission, the reimbursement rate shall not be less than one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the Medicare Fee Schedule.
- c. Any entity providing durable medical equipment, prosthetics, orthotics or supplies shall be accredited by a CMS-approved accreditation organization. If a physician provides durable medical equipment, prosthetics, orthotics, prescription drugs, or supplies to a patient ancillary to the patient's visit, reimbursement shall be no more than ten percent (10%) above cost.
- d. The Commission shall develop a reasonable stop-loss provision of the Fee Schedule to provide for adequate reimbursement for treatment for major burns, severe head and neurological injuries, multiple system

injuries, and other catastrophic injuries requiring extended periods of intensive care.

4. The right to recover charges for every type of medical care for injuries arising out of and in the course of covered employment as defined in this act shall lie solely with the Commission. When a medical care provider has brought a claim to the Commission to obtain payment for services, a party who prevails in full on the claim shall be entitled to reasonable attorney fees.

- 5. Nothing in this section shall prevent an employer, insurance carrier, group self-insurance association, or certified workplace medical plan from contracting with a provider of medical care for a reimbursement rate that is greater than or less than limits established by the Fee Schedule.
- 6. A treating physician may not charge more than Four Hundred Dollars (\$400.00) per hour for preparation for or testimony at a deposition or appearance before the Commission in connection with a claim covered by the Administrative Workers' Compensation Act.
- 7. The Commission's review of medical and treatment charges pursuant to this section shall be conducted pursuant to the Fee Schedule in existence at the time the medical care or treatment was provided. The judgment approving the medical and treatment charges pursuant to this section shall be enforceable by the Commission in the same manner as provided in this act for the enforcement of other compensation payments.

8. Charges for prescription drugs dispensed by a pharmacy shall be limited to ninety percent (90%) of the average wholesale price of the prescription, plus a dispensing fee of Five Dollars (\$5.00) per prescription. "Average wholesale price" means the amount determined from the latest publication designated by the Commission. Physicians shall prescribe and pharmacies shall dispense generic equivalent drugs when available. If the National Drug Code, or "NDC", for the drug product dispensed is for a repackaged drug, then the maximum reimbursement shall be the lesser of the original labeler's NDC and the lowest-cost therapeutic equivalent drug product. Compounded medications shall be billed by the compounding pharmacy at the ingredient level, with each ingredient identified using the applicable NDC of the drug product, and the corresponding Ingredients with no NDC area are not separately reimbursable. Payment shall be based on a sum of the allowable fee for each ingredient plus a dispensing fee of Five Dollars (\$5.00) per prescription.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

9. When medical care includes prescription drugs dispensed by a physician or other medical care provider and the NDC for the drug product dispensed is for a repackaged drug, then the maximum reimbursement shall be the lesser of the original labeler's NDC and the lowest-cost therapeutic equivalent drug product. Payment shall be based upon a sum of the allowable fee for each ingredient plus a

dispensing fee of Five Dollars (\$5.00) per prescription. Compounded medications shall be billed by the compounding pharmacy.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

Implantables are paid in addition to procedural 10. reimbursement paid for medical or surgical services. A manufacturer's invoice for the actual cost to a physician, hospital or other entity of an implantable device shall be adjusted by the physician, hospital or other entity to reflect, at the time implanted, all applicable discounts, rebates, considerations and product replacement programs and shall be provided to the payer by the physician or hospital as a condition of payment for the implantable device. If the physician, or an entity in which the physician has a financial interest other than an ownership interest of less than five percent (5%) in a publically traded company, provides implantable devices, this relationship shall be disclosed to patient, employer, insurance company, third-party commission, certified workplace medical plan, case managers, and attorneys representing claimant and defendant. If the physician, or an entity in which the physician has a financial interest other than an ownership interest of less than five percent (5%) in a publically traded company, buys and resells implantable devices to a hospital or another physician, the markup shall be limited to ten percent (10%) above cost.

11. Payment for medical care as required by this act shall be due within forty-five (45) days of the receipt by the employer or

insurance carrier of a complete and accurate invoice, unless the employer or insurance carrier has a good-faith reason to request additional information about such invoice. Thereafter, the Commission may assess a penalty up to twenty-five percent (25%) for any amount due under the Fee Schedule that remains unpaid on the finding by the Commission that no good-faith reason existed for the delay in payment. If the Commission finds a pattern of an employer or insurance carrier willfully and knowingly delaying payments for medical care, the Commission may assess a civil penalty of not more than Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) per occurrence.

- 12. If an employee fails to appear for a scheduled appointment with a physician, the employer or insurance company shall pay to the physician a reasonable charge, to be determined by the Commission, for the missed appointment. In the absence of a good-faith reason for missing the appointment, the Commission shall order the employee to reimburse the employer or insurance company for the charge.
- 13. Physicians providing treatment under this act shall disclose under penalty of perjury to the Commission, on a form prescribed by the Commission, any ownership or interest in any health care facility, business, or diagnostic center that is not the physician's primary place of business. The disclosure shall include any employee leasing arrangement between the physician and any health care facility that is not the physician's primary place of business. A physician's failure to disclose as required by this

section shall be grounds for the Commission to disqualify the physician from providing treatment under this act.

1

- 3 I. Formulary. The Commission by rule shall adopt a closed 4 formulary. Rules adopted by the Commission shall allow an appeals 5 process for claims in which a treating doctor determines and documents that a drug not included in the formulary is necessary to 6 7 treat an injured employee's compensable injury. The Commission by rule shall require the use of generic pharmaceutical medications and 8 clinically appropriate over-the-counter alternatives to prescription 10 medications unless otherwise specified by the prescribing doctor, in 11 accordance with applicable state law.
- J. The certification of election returns favoring passage of

  State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412, shall not

  create a requirement for an employer to provide an injured employee

  with medical marijuana treatment; provided, however, upon its

  passage, employers may opt to provide medical marijuana treatment to

  an injured employee that has been issued an Oklahoma medical

  marijuana license.
- SECTION 30. AMENDATORY Section 58, Chapter 208, O.S.L. 20 2013 (85A O.S. Supp. 2017, Section 58), is amended to read as follows:
- Section 58. A. 1. Every hospital or other person furnishing
  the injured employee with medical services shall permit its records
  to be copied by and shall furnish full written information to the

- Commission, the Workers' Compensation Fraud Investigation Unit, the employer, the carrier, and the employee or the employee's dependents.
  - 2. The reasonable cost of copies shall be paid by the requestor to the health care or medical service provider furnishing them.

- B. No person who in good faith under subsection A of this section or under rules established by the Commission reports medical information shall incur legal liability for the disclosure of the information.
- C. Upon certification of election returns favoring passage of

  State Question No. 788, Initiative Petition No. 412, records

  pursuant to subsection A of this section shall include those

  regarding medical marijuana recommendations and usage.
- SECTION 31. AMENDATORY Section 116, Chapter 208, O.S.L. 2013 (85A O.S. Supp. 2017, Section 209), is amended to read as follows:
  - Section 209. A. A qualified employer's liability under the benefit plan and otherwise prescribed in this act shall be exclusive and in place of all other liability of the qualified employer and any of its employees at common law or otherwise, for a covered employee's occupational injury or loss of services, to the covered employee, or the spouse, personal representative, parents, or dependents of the covered employee, or any other person. The exclusive remedy protections provided by this subsection shall be as

broad as the exclusive remedy protections of Section 5 of this act, and thus preclude a covered employee's claim against a qualified employer, its employees, and insurer for negligence or other causes of action.

- B. Except as otherwise provided by its benefit plan, or applicable federal law, a qualified employer is only subject to liability in any action brought by a covered employee or his or her dependent family members for injury resulting from an occupational injury if the injury is the result of an intentional tort on the part of the qualified employer. An intentional tort shall exist only when the covered employee is injured because of willful, deliberate, specific intent of the qualified employer to cause such injury. Allegations or proof that the qualified employer had knowledge that such injury was substantially certain to result from its conduct shall not constitute an intentional tort. The issue of whether an act is an intentional tort shall be a question of law for the court or the duly appointed arbitrator, as applicable.
- C. If an employee tests positive for intoxication, use of an illegal controlled substance, or a legal controlled substance, including medical marijuana or its derivatives, that is used in contravention with a treating physician's orders within twenty-four (24) hours of being injured or reporting an injury, he or she shall not be eligible to receive benefits under a qualified employer's benefit plan. In order to retain exclusive remedy and enjoy

- immunity from common law negligence claims, an employee shall be entitled to receive benefits under a qualified employer's benefit plan if the employee can prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the acts described by this section were not the major cause of an injury.
  - D. Any benefits paid under a qualified employer's benefit plan shall offset any other award against such qualified employer under subsection B of this section.
  - E. Other than an action brought to enforce the provisions of the benefit plan, any action brought by a covered employee or his or her spouse, personal representative, parents, or dependents based on a claim against a qualified employer arising out of any occupational injury shall be filed no later than two (2) years from the date of the injury or death giving rise to such action."

16 56-2-10163 GRS 03/14/18